The Bombay Gazette

10,414—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, JULY 24, 1882.

SHIPPING.

BRINDISI MAIL SERVICE.

UNTIL further notice the MAIL STEAMERS will proceed via Canal direct from PORT SAID to BRINDISI.

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent.

Bombay, 11th July, 1882.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON. BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Tuesday
— VENETIA	2726	450	A. B. Daniell	25th July
L. NIZAM	2725	450	P. Harris	1st Aug.
— HYDASPES	2834	800	R. Harvey	8th ,,
L. SUTLEJ	4100	750	A. H. Johnson	15th ,,
— MALWA	2959	800	G. W. Atkinson	22nd ,,
L. MIRZAPORE	3827	600	C. G. Perrins	29th ,,

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under: THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via London, both ways.
First Class ..	Rs. 950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class, Rs.	500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class ..	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class. Rs.	600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN. KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1882.
PEKIN	3000	600	A. Symons	28th July.
GANGES	4100	750	W. B. Andrews ..	11th Aug.

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Colombo.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, July 12, 1882.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S UNITED COMPANIES (UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

TO ALL PORTS OF ITALY.		TO MARSEILLES.	
I Class ..Rs. 500 }	Including	I Class ..Rs. 320 }	Including
II do..... 340 }	wines.	II do. .... 330 }	wines.
III do..... 150 }	With food.	III do. .... 155 }	With food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the parties allowed in the Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

BIRMANIA, on Tuesday, 1st August, 1882.
CHINA, on Friday, 1st September, 1882.
ABISSINIA, on Sunday, 1st October, 1882.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 17 days.

From Genoa, 1 Class Calais Route, Rs 95	Brighton Route Rs 80
,, ,, II do. do. .. 70	do. .. 60
From Naples, I do. do. .. 145	do. .. 130
,, ,, II do. do. .. 105	do. .. 95

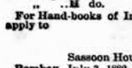
For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Bombay, July 3, 1882.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.



THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessels	Captains.	Tons.	h.p.	n.	About
ARMENIA	Geo. H. Read	3,500	700		29th July.
GALATEA.....	J. D. Allison	3,500	700		12th Aug.
ISCHIA.....		3,500	700		26th ,,

To be followed by other 1st class steamers at regular fortnightly intervals.

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 15th June, 1880.

STEAM FROM MAURITIUS TO BOMBAY.

THE CLAN LINE Steamers will run regularly once a month from Mauritius to Bombay, commencing with the "Clan Campbell," leaving Mauritius in August.

For freight or passage apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 24th June, 1882.

FRENCH LINE.

CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.

THE first-class steamer COCHIN, 2,081 T. R., will sail for MARSEILLES direct, on or about the 25th inst.

She has accommodation for a few first-class passengers only.

TERMS MODERATE. Apply to
RALLI BROTHERS, Agents.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O., and all other Steamer, without charge for Commission.

COOK'S NEW SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLING TICKETS, available for one or more passengers by any route from all chief Railway Stations in India to EGYPT, PALESTINE, CENTRAL EUROPE, GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, CHINA, JAPAN, AMERICA, and ALL PARTS of the GLOBE.

The arrangements for travelling through India are under the special authority of the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India, and are issued exclusively for International Travellers.

As the sole accredited agents of the Italian Government Railway Administration, THOS. COOK & SON issue tickets to through passengers from India, which will enable them to visit Naples, Rome, Florence, Milan, &c., at reduced fares.

For full particulars apply to THOS. COOK & SON, 5, HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY (originators of the European Tourist and Excursion system), established 1841.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half-year ended 30th June last, at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum, will be payable, on application, on and after the 24th instant, to registered Shareholders on 30th June, 1882.

By order of the Board of Directors,
M. BALFOUR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 5th July, 1882.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 10th, to MONDAY, the 24th instant, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
M. BALFOUR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 5th July, 1882.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS in the form used in the Commissariat Department will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer, Madras, for the supplies entered in the subjoined schedule, up to one o'clock on the 11th AUGUST, 1882, when tenders will be opened in presence of those interested who choose to attend.

Tender forms and particulars regarding the contract, and the form of contract deed, can be obtained on application to the Executive Commissariat Officer, Madras.

Articles.	Probable Quantity	Date of Delivery.	To Whom and Place.	Deposit to accompany Tenders.
For 1883-84. Blankets, Brown, of country manufacture, for European troops, weighing 4½ lb. and measuring 7½ by 5	No. 5,825	Before 31st May 1883.	To the Commissariat Storekeeper General, Madras.	Rs. 2,300
For 1884-85. Blankets, Brown, of country manufacture, for European troops, weighing 4½ lb. and measuring 7½ by 5	No. 5,909	Before 31st May 1884.		
For 1885-86. Blankets, brown, of country manufacture, for European troops, weighing 4½ lb. and measuring 7½ by 5	No. 2,147	Before 31st May 1885.		
	13,881			

A sample of the Blanket which the contractor undertakes to supply should be submitted with the Tender.

By order of the Commissary General,
ED. BRUCE, Major,
Deputy Assistant Commissariat Officer,
Executive Commissariat Officer.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. KANGRA, 1,952 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 26th July, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. ABYSSINIA, 1,129 Tons, on MONDAY, 24th July, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,080 Tons, on FRIDAY, 28th July, 1882, at 4 p.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on SATURDAY, 12th August, 1882.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Agents.

Bombay, 21st July, 1882.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PETIT MEDOC CLARET.

TREACHER & Company's importation of this Wine remains *unequalled* at the price. The Public are respectfully requested to compare the quality with similar Brands, (so styled) recently shipped to this market.

Per doz. Quarts, Cash, Rs. 13.
Per doz. Pints, Cash, Rs. 7-8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BASS'S BEER IN WOOD,

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM MESSRS. BASS & Co.

SHIPMENTS of the above, specially selected from the finest brewings, are received fortnightly per mail-steamer.

Per Hogshead, Cash.....Rs. 78
Per Kilderkin, Cash..... 30

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED.

THE NEW SEASON'S MAKE OF TREACHER AND COMPANY'S BOMBAY CHUTNEY

Prepared with the purest and finest ingredients at their Manufactory, Byculla, is ndisputably the best condiment of its kind in India.

Per Bottle Cash Rs. 1.

TREACHER & Co. (Ld.)

TREACHER'S FAMOUS BLENDED GLENLIVET WHISKY

HAS been before the public of India for many years and in every quality, for which SCOTCH WHISKY is celebrated, stands without a rival.

Cash per dozen, case Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

FARINACEOUS AND DIETETIC PREPARATIONS.

		Rs. a.
Arrowroot, Finest Bermuda, in 1 lb. tins.	each	1 12
Do. Speed's Kast Indian.....	,,	0 14
Barley, Robinson's Patent prepared, 1 lb. tins....	,,	0 10
Groats, do. do. do. do.....	,,	0 10
Baking Powder, Borwick's, large size.....	,,	0 12
Corn Flour, Brown and Polson's, in packets.....	,,	0 7
Do. do. do. tins.....	,,	0 9
Macaroni, the finest, 2 lb. tins	each	1 8
Mellin's Food, for Infants and Invalids..	,,	0 14
Do. do. do. large size..	,,	1 8
Nestle's Milk Food.....	,,	1 2
Oatmeal, best coarse Scotch, in 2 lb. tins..	,,	0 8
Pearl Barley, in 2 lb. tins	,,	0 8
Revalenta Arabica, 3s. 6d. tins	,,	2 4
Sago, Finest Pearl, 2 lb. tins or bottles ..	,,	0 8
Tapioca, best clean white, 2 lb. tins (Genoa)	,,	0 10
Vermicelli, finest white, 2 lb. tins	,,	1 8

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

CHEAVIN'S
PATENT RAPID FILTERS,
The most efficient yet invented.

	Cash price. Rs. a.
Domestic Filters, in Cream-Coloured Stoneware—	
No. 000 Half gallon size, Wicker covered ..	.. 7 8
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ..	.. 9 8
,, 00 One and a half gallon size ..	.. 9 0
,, ,, ,, ,, Wicker covered ..	.. 12 8
,, 0 Two and a half gallon size ..	.. 12 8
,, ,, ,, ,, Wicker covered ..	.. 11 8
,, 1 Three and a half gallon size ..	.. 17 0
,, ,, ,, ,, Wicker covered ..	.. 20 8
,, 2 Five gallon size ..	.. 24 0
,, ,, ,, ,, Wicker covered ..	.. 27 0
,, 3 Six ,, ,, ,, ..	.. 30 0
Ornamental Dining-room Filters, in Ironstone China, richly decorated and very handsome, 1½ gallons capacity	40 0
Refrigerator Filters, in Terra-cotta ware, which act with remarkable power as coolers, keeping the water deliciously cool	40 0

SOLE AGENTS FOR BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

EQUATORIAL HAIR-DOUCHE.

IMPARTS unspeakable comfort and a sense of refinement to the Toilet, refreshes the Brain, and counteracts the depressing influences of Hot Weather.

Bottle Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

EGYPT.

THE following are most useful in protecting the Eyes against Flies, Sand, and Glare :—

	Rs. a.
SMOKE-COLOURED GLASS GOGGLES with Gauze Sides and Elastic Cords ...	2 0
SMOKE or NEUTRAL-TINTED, Spoon Shape GLASSES, in Blue Steel Frames...	4 0
BLUE or NEUTRAL TINT Spoon Shape GLASSES of cheaper make	2 8
SMOKE or NEUTRAL-TINTED Horse Shoe GLASSES, with sides, in Blue Steel Frames	5 0
SMOKE or NEUTRAL-TINTED RAILWAY GLASSES, with Gauze Sides, in Blue Steel Frames	6 8
PINCE-NEZ, and SPECTACLES for long, short or stigmatic sight, with Smoke-coloured or Faint Blue Lenses, in Nickel-plated frames	5 0

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE LET, from 15th August till the 14th October only, a very desirable and well furnished BUNGALOW, situated in Upper Colaba. It is entirely open to the westerly breeze. Rent Rs. 130 only. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow-street, Fort. House Agent.

BYCULLA CLUB.—The HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Byculla Club will be held at the Club House on SATURDAY, the 29th August, 1882, at 6 o'clock p.m., Bombay time.

A. A. CONROY,
24th July, 1882. Honorary Secretary.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s. s. INCHRHONA, from Liverpool, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective goods from the Prince's Dock. Matches, Oils, Naptha, and other inflammable articles must be removed as they are landed, failing which they will be exposed at Consignees' risk and subject to removal to the combustible sheds at their expense. All chafed or damaged goods must be surveyed before removal from the Dock, and no claims will be admitted after the steamer leaves.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents, Captain and Owners, s.s. Inchrhona.

Bombay, 22nd July, 1882.

THE FRAMJEE PETIT SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 5th CALL of Rs. 150 per share is made PAYABLE on or before the 10th August, 1882, at the registered Office of the Company, No. 6, Hornby Row.

Interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum will be charged on all calls remaining unpaid after the above date.

By order of the Board of Directors,
DINSHAW MANOCKJEE PETIT, SONS & Co.,
Bombay, 24th July 1882. Agents.

EDINA WHISKY.

CAUTION.—To prevent fraud consumers are requested to DEFACE THE LABELS of bottles when empty.

SOLE AGENTS,
KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

ROBB'S NURSERY BISCUITS

ARE in use in every royal Nursery in Europe. They are without doubt the best sustenance for Children recently weaned. Fresh shipments constantly received.

Rs. 2-8 per Tin.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.
ACCOUNTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

A VACANCY having occurred in a SENIOR CLERKSHIP on Rs. 100 rising to Rs. 150 a month, applications will be received till the 10th August next. Candidates must be graduates of an Indian University and must have had considerable office experience. Applications should be in the handwriting of the applicant, and should be accompanied by copies of testimonials, which will not be returned. No personal applications will be permitted. The Successful candidate will be appointed on three months' probation.

A. COTTERELL TUPP,
Bombay, 22nd July, 1882. Accountant General.

CHUBB'S PATENT PADLOCKS,
Made entirely of Brass excepting the Hoop.

1 Inch ..	... Rs.	8- 8	2 Inches ..	.. Rs.	10-12
1¼ ,,	.. .. ,,	9- 1	2¼ ,,	.. .. ,,	11- 4
1½ ,,	.. .. ,,	9-12	2½ ,,	.. .. ,,	12- 4
1¾ ,,	.. .. ,,	10- 4	2¾ ,,	.. .. ,,	13- 0
3 Inches ..		..Rs. 13-8.			

COOPER & COMPANY,
BOOK-SELLERS AND NEWSAGENTS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
BOMBAY : Meadow-street. POONA : East-street.

COMMISSARIAT.
SUPPLY OF TINNING COOKING UTENSILS, &c.
REINVITATION.

TENDERS will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bombay on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 1 p.m.

Forms of Tenders and Schedules, with further particulars, can be had on application at the above office.

No Tender will be received or attended to unless accompanied by the necessary Earnest Money, viz., 2½ per cent., in Treasury Receipt.

No Earnest Money in Cash will be received.

C. SWINHOE, Lieut.-Col.,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.
Executive Commissariat Office, Bombay, 22nd July 1882.

COMMISSARIAT.
SUPPLY OF HORSE SHOES WITH NAILS.

TENDERS will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bombay on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 1 p.m.

Forms of Tenders and Schedules, with further particulars, can be had on application at the above office.

No Tender will be received or attended to unless accompanied by the necessary Earnest Money, viz., 2½ per cent., in Treasury Receipt.

No Earnest Money in Cash will be received.

C. SWINHOE, Lieut.-Col.,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.
Executive Commissariat Office, Bombay, 22nd July 1882.

FOR SALE,
AT JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR :

AN English-built VICTORIA CARRIAGE with a moveable driving box, built at the Royal Carriage Gallery. Price Rs. 1,300.

A second-hand VICTORIA CARRIAGE, recently done up, and is in splendid condition equal almost to new. Price Rs. 700.

Two or three BAROUCHES built by good makers in England.

Sets of single and double plated harnesses.

Information regarding buying and selling Carriages, Horses, Furniture, &c., &c., can be obtained from the undersigned.

JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

THE BOMBAY TILE COMPANY, Limited.
CAPITAL, RS. 1,00,000
IN 1,000 SHARES OF Rs. 100 EACH.

Rupees 25 per share to be paid on allotment, the remainder by calls of not exceeding Rs. 25 per share at intervals of not less than one month between each call.

Directors :

D. GOSTLING, Esq., F. R. I. B. A., Architect,
RAGOONATH NARAYAN KHOTE, Esq., J. P., Merchant.
MICHAEL R. DE QUADROS, Esq., director of the New Princes of Wales S. & W. Company, Limited.
General Managers : Messrs. F. & A. SORABSHAH & Co.
Solicitors : Messrs. HEARN, CLEVELAND and LITTLE.
Bankers : The NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, Limited.

THE object of this Company is to purchase the Tile Factory of Messrs. F. and A. SORABSHAH at Sewree, to add considerably to it, and to carry on the business of Tile manufacturing in all its branches.

The demand for Mangalore Tiles has greatly increased in Bombay, and it has been ascertained that similar Tiles can be turned out in Bombay at less cost than they can be procured from Mangalore.

With the use of steam power and improved machinery a return of not less than 20 per cent. per annum may be reasonably expected.

This estimate is based on the average selling rate of Rs. 60 per 1,000 Tiles, whereas the present price is Rs. 90, at which figure the profits would be considerably over the above estimate.

The vendors agree to guarantee a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum for three years, their shares and commissions to remain as security for such guarantee.

Nearly half of the required capital has been already subscribed.

Further particulars and applications for shares may be had at the office of Mr. GOSTLING or Mr. DE QUADROS, Apollo-street, Fort.

J. NEUBERG,
5, Meadow-street.

TOBACCO FACTORY.

NEUBERG'S SPECIALITIES, MANUFACTURED DAILY fresh and fresh, and acknowledged throughout India as being far superior to the best of IMPORTED preparations, combining every DESIDERATA required in Tobacco by Smokers of all degrees.

NEUBERG'S
"GOLDEN BLOCK" MIXTURE,
The Prince of Smoking Mixtures.

NEUBERG'S
GOLDEN SHAG,
Deliciously Fragrant.

NEUBERG'S
VIRGINIA HONEY-DEW,
"An old Smoker's choice."

NEUBERG'S
GOLDEN LEAF BIRD'S-EYE,
The Bird's-eye for India par excellence.

SAMPLES AND PRICE-LISTS ON APPLICATION.

TRADERS LIBERALLY SUPPLIED.

CIGARETTES.
Mild, Medium, and Full Flavored.
Manufactured Daily.
Deliciously fresh.
14 Brands to select from.
Illustrated Price List forwarded on application.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS
of all descriptions kept in stock.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S EXHILARATING STILL HOCKS.

MPORTANT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Cash. per dozn. Quarts. Rs. as.			Cash. per dozen. Pints. Rs. as.
42 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Johannisberg ...	23 0
	One perfection of Hocks, highly aromatic flavour and deliciously soft to the taste.		
33 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Liebfraumilch ...	17 8
	A very fine full-bodied wine, rich in character and flavour.		
27 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Nierstein ...	14 8
	Very soft and good bouquet.		
23 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Hochheimer ...	12 8
	A very agreeable dinner wine, soft, delicate, and fine.		
23 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ...Steinwein	...
	Of great fragrance, pure and natural.		
20 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ... Geisenheim ...	11 0
	Good flavour and body, can be well recommended.		
17 0...	Still...	... HOCK ... ... Laubenheim ...	9 8
	A light dinner wine, sound, and adapted for general use.		

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE EASTERN ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.

THIS Company is now prepared to give estimates and to undertake the complete installation of the Electric Light with the celebrated "Brush" system of Arc Lamps of 2,000 candle power each or with the Lane Fox incandescent system of lighting.

Special contracts entered into with Municipalities and Corporations, also with Native States.

All applications to be addressed to the MANAGER, 19, Rampart-row, Bombay.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, OPTICIANS, ENGRAVERS,

BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

STERLING SILVER KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES.

In open crystal face case	.. Rs. 40 and 50
In hunting ,,	.. ,, 45 and 60
,, ½ ,, ,,	.. ,, 50 and 60

THE above mentioned watches, the manufacture of which receives the most careful attention by our home firm, are uncontradictedly far above the average quality of watches sold in India at the same rates, and can be confidently recommended to all those in need of a neat, really good, and reliable time-keeper.

Guarantee 3 years. Price cash. No discount.

POSTAGE AND PACKING FREE.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!!

Made to measure, { HOAR & CO.'S PERFECT FITTING. } Or ready for use.

Combining every modern improvement with the best Material and Work.

	Rs.		Rs.
OXFORD CLOTH, the original soft make, in all the new Designs.	6 for 36	TROPICAL FLANNEL, a new shrinkless material, cool and comfortable...	6 for 46
FRENCH PRINTED CAMBRIC, a large choice of the latest Designs	6 for 30	BEST WOVE FLANNEL, all the new Colors (thoroughly shrunk) ...	6 for 54
PLAIN WHITE, Military Fronts, for wear with Uniform ...	6 for 23	SILK and WOOL, a new make, light, cool, and comfortable, always retaining its softness ...	6 for 56
BEST WHITE, Fine Linen Fronts and Cuffs ...	6 for 28	CRICKETING or BOATING, Fine White Saxony Flannel ...	6 for 52
BEST WHITE, with Collars attached, Fine Linen Fronts, &c. ...	6 for 32	SPUN SILK, White, Fancy Checks or Stripes, a great luxury ...	6 for 72
SUPERFINE WHITE, Fine Linen Collars, Fronts and Cuffs ...	6 for 36		

DISCOUNT—Two Annas in the Rupee *(equal to 12½ per cent.)*

Patterns, with our Improved Self-measurement System, on application.

HOAR & CO., SHIRT-MAKERS, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. beg to notify the renewal of their stock of the celebrated CAMPAIGN WATCHES, hundreds of which were supplied to the army during the late war in Afghanistan, and for which the most favourable testimonials have been received from every part of India.

Their revised prices are :—

German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch	...Rs. 25
German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch, extra strong ...	,, 30
German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch, full jewelled ...	,, 35
German Silver crystal face keyless lever Campaign Watch, full jewelled and finest finish	,, 40

These watches are not affected by riding and will withstand an immense amount of hard usage.

TWO YEARS' GUARANTEE GIVEN WITH EVERY WATCH.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,

BOMBAY, 2, Rampart Row. POONA, 1, East Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

THE CELEBRATED PROFESSOR OF PHYSICS,
WILLIAM DOERING,
who has just arrived from Europe,
will have the honour of giving
ON SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 29,
HIS FIRST
GRAND OPTICAL REPRESENTATION.

PRINCIPAL SERIES OF THE PROGRAMME :
PICTURESQUE JOURNEY THROUGH EGYPT, ITALY, SWITZERLAND AND SPAIN
(about 50 pictures).
THE CEMETERY SCENE FROM THE OPERA : ROBERT THE DEVIL
(accompanied by music).
THE WONDERFUL GROTTO IN THE REIGN OF THE DRAGON-FLIES
(with movements and pompous transformations).
LANDSCAPES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD,
(with falling snow, movable figures, by day and moonlight, &c.)
THE DELUGE FROM GUSTAV DORE (8 pictures).
RADIANT COLOURED SUNS IN THE MOST SPLENDID ALTERATIONS OF LIGHT.
A GREAT NUMBER OF AMUSING FACETIOUS PICTURES.

Commencing at 9 p.m.
Carriages may be ordered for 11-30 p.m.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Boxes (to hold 4).....	Rs. 12	Pit Stalls.....	Rs. 2
Stalls.....	,, 3	Pit	,, 1
Back Seats	As. 8		

Box and Stall tickets can be had at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld., where a plan of the Theatre can be seen.

The Cassa of the Theatre will be opened from 6 p. m.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS SEE THE PROGRAMMES FOR THE DAY.

FOR SALE, light chestnut C.-B. MARE, 14h. high, 5 years old, very gentle, and as handsome as paint. Price Rs. 300.

Ch. Deccany PONY, about 13h. 1" high, young and up to any amount of work. Price Rs. 125.

The above are sold for no fault. Apply to
M. LESLIE, P. W. D.,
Jalna, Deccan.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

BY SINA.

PRICE ANNAS 8 PER COPY.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE.

1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, BOM. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this office and at the book-sellers.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 15 OF 1882.

HEERJEE KHIMJEE and DHARSEY MANOCK of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitants, carrying on business in Bombay in Don Tad Third Row, under the name, style and firm of HEERJEE DHARSEY ...*Plaintiffs.*

vs.

ALLIPOOLLA BIN ABOOBUKER, NENA SHAIK MAHOMED BIN ALBYAN KAYUNA and ABOOL REHIMON BIN HASSUM SAHEB, all of Madras, Mahomedans, at present residing in Bombay, carrying on their business in the village Dharavi in Mahim, under the name, style, and firm of NENA SHAIK MAHOMED ABDOOL REHEMON ALLIPOOLLA AND CO.....*Defendants.*

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of Sale of immovable property, dated the 7th day of February, 1883, the Sheriff has been directed to SELL the following property at the instance of the abovenamed plaintiffs. All those two pieces or parcels of Tocca land or ground situate at Dharavi in Mahim, without the Fort of Bombay, more particularly described hereafter, together with the tannery or hide factory and building standing thereon, containing by admeasurement —square yards, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 2114, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the west by a piece of land belonging to Raghoba and Vithoba Narayen, and on or towards the north by the chawl of Heerjee Dharsey, and on or towards the south by the house of Seth Mahomed Abdool Rehiman. The pieces above referred to are as follows :—Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of Tocca ground situate at south-east of the Dharavi road, in the sub-district of Mandvee, containing by admeasurement one thousand one hundred and twenty-nine square yards, be the same little more or less, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 10, and bounded as follows :—on the east by the land of Sookoor Poochare, on the west by the land of Madhowrao Ghukujee, on the north and south by the land of Haree Soowar. Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of Tocca land or ground situate at Dharavi, on the southern side of the said Dharavi road, in the sub-district of Mandvee without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement three hundred and thirty-five square yards, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 35, and bounded as follows :—on the east by the ground of Pedro Patel and Onduer Sackoor, on the west by the ground of Nena Shaik Mahomed Abdool Rehiman Allipoola and Company, on the north by the land of Aba Moosa Rungaree, and on the south by the ground of Sookoor Poochare.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having rights in or claims on the abovenamed property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should, on or before the 12th day of August, 1882, lodge in my Office a statement verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.—Dated this 22nd day of July, 1882.

A. K. OLIVER,
Acting Assistant Commissioner.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

OUR SEWING-MACHINES are now in use all over India, and are giving the greatest satisfaction. They are acknowledged by all to be the BEST. Send for illustrated catalogue.—H. A. GEYER & Co., 6, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

SINGER'S SEWING-MACHINES.—Loose balance wheel, nickel plated or richly pearled, triple action, not allowing the machine to work on wrong side ; innumerable improvements. 2, Church-gate-street, Bombay.

WE are now in a position to SUPPLY our Constituents with the best INDIAN CONDIMENTS, such as Tamarind Fish, Mango Pickle, Mango Preserve, Chutnies, &c., especially adapted for this season, at very moderate prices.—BARTON & Co., Church Gate Street.

FOR SALE, a chesnut Persian HORSE, 15 hands, young, quiet and sound. Apply to Capt. CORFE, R. A., Colaba.

BERLIN BEER "MOABIT."—Further shipment to hand, in superb condition, Rs. 22 per case of 4 doz. quarts. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

FOR SALE, Field Service Kit specially manufactured by Thomas White, of Aldershot. Apply to Messrs. KING, KING & Co., 4, Church Lane, Bombay.

FOR SALE—FRESH ARRIVALS.—Pilsner BEER in qts. at Rs. 5-12, pts. Rs. 3-8 per doz. ; St. Pauli Beer in qts. at Rs. 6-4, pts. Rs. 4 per doz. Apply to SIGG-SULZER & Co.

PRIVATE BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.—English style. Cool-rooms. Married couples or single gentlemen. Terms moderate. Mesdames Bawd & Horton, 50, Hornby-row.

WANTED, a good COB or GALLOW

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 22.

THE dulness observable to-day has been very marked. No fresh advices respecting Egypt have been received, and Reuter's commercial telegrams of yesterday did not come in till after business hours.

Consols in London are still quoted at 100⅛. French Rentes at 115½. The Indian Sterling loan and 4½ per cent. Rupee paper are both ¼ higher.

In the Mincing-lane markets, Coffee is reported firm and 2s. per cwt. higher for mid-plantation Ceylon, which now stands at 68s. Rapeseed is unchanged, as also, Reuter says, is Linseed, although the price of Bombay quality is advanced 2s. on the spot and 1s. per quarter to arrive.

Piece-goods in Manchester are firm at previous prices, but Cotton in Liverpool yesterday closed dull, with sales of only 8,000 bales, of which 1,200 were Surats. Spot prices are unchanged, but Reuter says arrivals are easier in tone.

In New York ready Mid-Uplands are still at 12⅞ cents, but October shipment has advanced from 11·89 to 11·90 cents per lb.

We subjoin our usual comparisons of the Friday's figures. The takings by the trade during the week have only been 48,000 bales and exports 11,000, so that the reduction in the Liverpool stock is but 18,000 and in the total visible supply 100,000 bales. The position of the staple on its own merits, however, is still strong and in favour of prices being maintained.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.
Week's Receipts	8,000	19,000	13,000
,, Exports to U. K.	5,000	20,000	15,000
,, ,, to Continent	12,000	12,000	6,000
Total Receipts since 1st Sept	4,560,000	5,681,400	4,588,100
,, Exports to U. K. ,, ,,	2,225,000	2,667,600	2,420,000
,, ,, to Cont. ,, ,,	1,230,000	1,710,200	1,120,900
,, Stock in the Ports	222,000	287,000	214,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 21st instant affords the following comparison with the two previous years :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.
Total supply of all kinds	1,810,000	2,085,330	1,715,340
,, ,, Surats	775,000	501,120	478,850

For the U. K. only the figures are :—

Stock in Liverpool	810,000	801,800	702,120
,, London	67,000	47,350	58,080
American Afloat	20,000	86,000	117,000
East Indian ,,	184,000	100,000	122,000
	1,081,000	1,035,150	999,200
Price of Mid.-Uplands	6 15-16d.	6d.	6 13-16d.
,, Fair Dhollera	4 9-16d.	4 3-16d.	4 15-16d.
	...	...	...
Difference	2d.	2 7-16d.	1¾d.

EXCHANGE.—Sterling has been very firm to-day at yesterday's closing rates, the only difference being that there are fewer buyers of private paper at the rate. There is next to nothing offering here, in fact there has been no business at all reported to-day, but the firmness, it is said, comes from China, and Silver in London is also firmer, Reuter having now advanced his quotation to 52¼d. per oz. We have, however, recovered to a level with Council drafts and are not likely to go higher unless some at present unforeseen influence intervenes. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	..1s. 8d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	..1s. 7 31-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	..1s. 8d.	,,
Credits 3 ,, ,,	..1s. 8 7-32d.	,,
Francs 3 ,, ,,	..2 13½	,,

On Calcutta we quote demand at 1-16 per cent. premium, 60 days' sight at 7-16 discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been flat at Rs. 100 13-16 for Fours and Rs. 107¾ for Fours-and-a-half.

In SHARES there is no activity apparent. Banks remain unchanged. In Press Companies Mofussils have receded to Rs. 360, whilst Prince of Wales are again Rs. 100 higher. Spinning and Weaving Companies are steady without quotable change.

In COTTON we do not hear of any export business whatever, and prices are nominally unaltered.

WHEAT is dull owing to weaker accounts from home, but prices are supported by the limited [illegible]. Linseed is firm at Rs. 5-10 per cwt.

[illegible] are in the same position, very uncertainty regarding Govern- [illegible]ers, however, are not [illegible]dle much longer, [illegible] course of [illegible] will [illegible]

[illegible] cargo.

THE steamer [illegible] G. J. W. Baldwin, [illegible] Aden, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Empire, 1,375 tons, [illegible] Davies, arrived in harbour on the 22nd [illegible] Cardiff (23rd June), with a cargo of 2,017 tons [illegible] The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Abyssinia, 713 tons, Captain O. R. Mitchell, arrived in harbour on the 22nd instant from Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. J. Duncan, four Commissariat clerks, and 28 deck.

THE steamer Inchrhona, 1,256 tons, Captain E. A. Brown, arrived in harbour on the 22nd instant from Liverpool (24th June), with the following cargo :—150 cases mineral water, 55 casks beer, 11 packages corks, 3,634 packages piece-goods, 147 bales twist, 495 tons coals, 614 bundles iron hoops, 133 kegs nails, 50 cases brass, 50 cases copper, 1,000 bundles iron sheets, 4 cases medicines, 10 cases soap, 31 crates earthenware, 8 bundles shovels, 59 packages glassware, 34 packages ropes, 2 cases boots, 5 barrels alum, 70 cases soda, 3 cases wool, 50 boxes tinplates, and many packages merchandise. The vessels is consigned to Messrs. Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels.	Commander.	From
22	Abyssinia (s)	Mitchell	Kurrachee, July 20.
	Empire (s)	Davies	Cardiff, June 23.
	Inchrhona (s)	Brown	Liverpool, June 24.
23	Sicily (s)	Hether'gton.	Liverpool, June 20.

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commander.	Destination.
22	Bancoora (s)	Henderson	Egypt.
	Gaikwar (s)	Webber	China, &c.
23	Columbian (s)	Baldwin	Jeddah.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances on Saturday last :—
Ship Malta, Maulton, to Rangoon.
Ship Sierra Blanco, Mesnard, to Bessein.

The steamer Abyssinia, to Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, was entered for loading on Saturday last.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

July			
18	Clan Buchanan	Russel	Calcutta, July 13.
19	Mira (s)	Leporter	Liverpool, June 16.
	Khyber (s)	McKenzie	Liverpool, April 17.

DEPARTURES.

July 18.—Ships Mabel and Morna.
July 19.—Steamers Tibre and Medina.

MADRAS.

DEPARTURES.

July			
18	Macedonia (s)		London.
19	Asia (s)		Rangoon.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 16.

Montgomery, Lieut., 19th Bombay N. I., on leave, to Poona.

JULY 23.

Bayly, Lieut., 22nd Bombay N. I., on leave, to Poona.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business or pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time, will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the [illegible] address, "WILLIAM LAMBERT, 8, King William [illegible]haring Cross," engraved on the Government [illegible] not, therefore, purchase without seeing the [illegible] Stamp over the cork of the bottle.

[illegible]'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS.
[illegible]BERT, LONDON, ENGLAND.
"AGENTS WANTED,"

GRAEFENBERG
MARSHALL'S UTERINE
CATHOLICON,

Known and used for over Thirty Years by the most cultivated and refined among women. Physicians of great ability are now using this medicine in their practice for FEMALE WEAKNESS, and all complaints to which women are subject. It cures NERVOUSNESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, encourages the APPETITE, and assists nature in restoring the system to a perfectly healthy condition. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

GRAEFENBERG COMPANY, NEW YORK.

Agents in Bombay :

B. S. MADON & Co.

NOWROJEE BOMANJEE & Co.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & CO.,
OPTICIANS AND JEWELLERS,
2, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

RESPECTFULLY announce to the public that they have TAKEN OVER the entire STOCK of OPTICAL GOODS of Dr. A. MENIST, the well-known Oculist Optician, as well as his valuable instruments for suiting the sight.

The superiority of Dr. Menist's Pebbles is well known throughout India, and in order to place them within the reach of every one, he has now fitted them in still frames, which they are authorised to sell for the price of the Pebbles only.

Dr. Menist's pamphlet may be had free on application ; it contains numerous testimonials to his successful treatment, many of the cases having been previously in the hands of other Oculists, who had failed to find a remedy, and it also contains, for the benefit of persons who cannot pay us a visit, a sheet of questions, the answers to which, when carefully given, will enable us, to select suitable glasses.

Up-country orders attended to promptly.

Testing Glasses sent on application.

C. MARCKS & Co.,
Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

THACKER—July 21, at Slough, Bucks, the wife of W. Thacker, of a son.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

HEADLAM—July 21, at Ahmednugger, the wife of Mr. A. S. Headlam, P. W. D., of a son.

DEATH.

BANAJEE—July 23, at her residence in Khetwady, Bai Manecbkai Limjee Banajee, aged 76 years. Her funeral will take place this (Monday) afternoon at 3 o'clock.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENT.

"A VEGETARIAN."—We cannot devote space to contributions of this character.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, JULY 24, 1882.

THE suggestion that Italy should co-operate with England in the occupation of Egypt is one of those adroit diplomatic moves which it is frequently very difficult to parry. The policy of inaction hitherto pursued by M. de Freycinet having compelled him to tender his resignation, his retention of office necessarily involves a departure from his original programme. We are now aware that France regards [illegible] with extreme jealousy the British expedition [illegible] The attitude of Germany paralyses [illegible] and compels it to restrain its [illegible] has previously forced it [illegible] venture." No one [illegible] Minister has [illegible] few months necessary to reinstate the [illegible] card still existed in the [illegible] at any moment, be launched against the [illegible] gling kingdom. It was the cautious policy of Lord Granville, coupled with the financial disorganisation which would follow a rupture with France, that kept Signor Cairoli from compromising his country over the Tunis affair. How the French appreciated the conduct of Italy at that period was evidenced by the disgraceful anti-Italian riots at Marseilles. So far as France and England are concerned, the positions are now reversed, but the earth-hunger of Italy is as much affected by the British at Alexandria as by the French at Tunis. The prudent counsel of Lord Granville during the former crisis has not commended itself to M. de Freycinet, and he is anxious to rehabilitate the Latin alliance by a piece of equivocal patronage, and at the same time to thwart the objects of England by utilising Italy as a sort of diplomatic cat's-paw. It is reported by Reuter that "it is expected England will acquiesce" in this arrangement. We are not aware on what basis this report is founded, but we may reasonably receive it with incredulity. We may recall the repeated declarations of M. de Freycinet that France would abide by the European Concert, and abstain from any individual policy, and the equally clear assertion of Signor Mancini that though the initiative in Egyptian matters belonged to England and France, the ultimate decision rested with Europe. Both Powers are, so far as Ministerial declarations go, debarred from any policy outside that of the European Concert. England, on the other hand, though agreeable to "an exchange of views," has never abdicated those claims of supremacy which are incorporated with her Eastern policy. But, probably, the Latin Powers will consider themselves absolved from their engagements by reason of the action of England. This absolution is complete as regards Italy. She has so adapted herself to a condition of political mendicancy, that it appears quite natural when any transfer, or occupation, of territory is being considered, for Italy to turn up and demand a portion. She will become the tool of France in Egypt, as she would have been the tool of England in Tunis, so long as a rood of ground of any description whatsoever may be earned by the transaction. But how are we to account for the new policy of France? For years past Italy has been strenuously endeavouring to get a finger into Egyptian affairs. At one time it seemed not unlikely that England would take up her claim, if only to checkmate France. This course was certainly recommended, and it aroused great indignation in Paris. The presumption of the Italians was denounced in journals of every shade, and M. Gambetta alluded pretty plainly to the Italian intrigues when he pourtrayed the dangers which would arise from any other nation inserting "even its little finger" between the Anglo-French agreement in Tunis. France has consistently and vigorously opposed every attempt of Italy to assert her claims in Egypt ; and yet we hear now that M. de Freycinet seriously proposes that Italy shall co-operate with England in occupying the country. If this report be correct it must be inferred that France has ceased to have any Egyptian policy of her own, and is falling back on shifty expedients to prevent a permanent occupation by England.

We have said that a move of this sort can be parried only with difficulty. It is an awkward matter to deal with, partly because greater difficulties and complications are likely to arise when a great Power shields itself behind an indiscreet *protégé*, than when it comes forward and bears the responsibility of its words and actions. It is nevertheless a proposition which England will have to deal with firmly and prudently ; for beyond all question it is not brought forward by reason of friendly considerations for ourselves, or for the success of our enterprise. If the British Government care to go beyond the arguments to be drawn from the despatches issuing from the French Foreign Office, they will find abundant reasons to resist the proposition in the natural precautions which must be taken to ensure the success of the expedition. A joint occupation by jealous rivals may be possible when the occupation is not disputed, but when it takes the form of a conquest, disunion, and perhaps dissension, in military councils, would be hazardous, and might even prove disastrous. If Arabi Pasha fights as well as he promises, his subjugation would be impossible if British and Italian generals wrangled and votved each other's plans. Should Italy's co-operation be limited to sending a contingent to be placed at Sir Garnet Wolseley's disposal, the political advantage to be gained thereby would hardly repay the ingenuity expended in devising this proposal. The case would not be analogous to the Sardinian contingent in the Crimea. Count Cavour cared nothing about the Crimea, and did not care who commanded the troops. His object in co-operating with France and England on that occasion was merely to obtain a seat for Piedmont at the European areopagus, in order that he might raise what was then known as the "Italian Question." Italy has now obtained her coveted distinction, and as she professes a very considerable interest in Egyptian affairs, the presence of her troops alongside the British could only be accepted as an assertion of those interests, and a resolution to maintain them against the superior claims of England. France and Italy, it is clear, discredit our good faith in this matter. They believe that England is bent on aggradisement ; and they are anxious to defeat our intentions. Possibly it might not be disagreeable to them that we should sustain a military reverse. The good wishes of the Italians would certainly not be with us ; and it is for the Government to decide whether they can consent to the co-operation of allies who would be scarcely less hostile to the success of our plans than the enemy. The fate of the French proposal will be ruled, to some extent, by the opinion of Prince Bismarck. He has not been too well disposed towards Italy lately, and it will be singular if he approves of the new Franco-Italian alliance. England could most effectually shelve this proposal by hurrying her troops to Alexandria with the least delay possible. Italy is not, by any means, prepared for military operations, and possession in this case would be fully nine points of the law.

ARABI PASHA has declared war to the knife against all English. His activity proves that his declaration is no meaningless boast. He has torn up the railway between Kafr-ed-Dowar and Alexandria, and has raised defences all round his position. Kafr-ed-Dowar is practically impregnable, and it bars all communication between Alexandria and the country. Arabi is on the fringe of the rich, fertile districts. He draws supplies from them freely, while not an ounce can pass on to Alexandria. By tearing up the rails towards the city, he destroys all hope of attacking him in the front. In fact, the British are more afraid of an attack from him since they have blown up the railway outside the city. The railway from Alexandria along lake Marcolis runs on a narrow embankment for a considerable distance, and a few hundred workmen with spades would render an advance from the city impossible. It will, therefore, be necessary to land a force at Rosetta and get in his rear. His position might then be invested, and his surrender would only be a question of time. But Arabi will hardly allow himself to be hemmed in. When he finds he cannot obstruct the British advance, he will escape up the country. The appoint- [illegible] of Sir John Adye to be Chief of the [illegible] Garnet Wolseley will enable the [illegible] system to be tried under the direc- [illegible]s principal authors. No one has [illegible] the new system more ably than Sir [illegible]ye. And his defence was hearty, as his [illegible]mation of the old system was unreserved. [illegible]g a few years ago, he said that "although [illegible]ught and won many a battle under that [illegible]old) *régime*, it was not only a costly but [illegible]rsh and inefficient system." Speaking of [illegible] army under the new organisation, he said "now possesses an elasticity and a reserve [illegible] power, hitherto often sought after, but never [illegible]efore realised." It is stated that the reserves will assemble on August 2. The step is necessary to complete the two army corps which are at hand for foreign service. When Lord Beaconsfield's Government called out the reserve, the army reserve was limited in number. It has now increased enormously by the augmentations from the ranks ; so that the militia reserve will probably not be required. We are now, for the first time, to see a fair fruition of that scheme of which the leading principle, as described by Sir John Adye, "is that in time of peace the army feeds the reserve ; and in time of war the receive feeds the army. The reserve is in fact a latent force ; and in entering on a campaign we can now enjoy the consolation that we are at the beginning, instead of, as hitherto, at the end of our resources." It is worth recalling that a week ago Reuter telegraphed that the reserves were to be called to replace the unseasoned men of the First Army Corps. It is one advantage of selecting the authors of a scheme to put it seriously in practice that they will take precautions to have it tried under the most favourable circumstances. Sir Garnet Wolseley and Sir John Adye are not likely to entrust their fortunes to an army corps with too great a proportion of boy-soldiers. To-night Mr. Gladstone will probably obtain his vote of credit, and then the country being fully committed, every endeavour will be made to hasten the departure of both the British and the Indian Expeditions. Operations will be hastened by the renewal of massacres. This time it is the unfortunate Jews who are suffering, and perhaps the Copts too. Arabi still refrains from attacking the Canal, but after his declaration of war to the knife, he may think that the time has come to make a descent in that direction.

THE great inportance of the Prince's Dock to Government in the event of a military expedition was one of the arguments brought forward in its favour during the long discussion which preceded its final sanction by the Secretary of State. Already is this argument proved to have been sound, for it is difficult to conceive how Government could have shipped goods, animals, and men, in the weather which has lately prevailed, in vessels lying in the harbour without great loss of property, if not loss of life. The interest of the Government, therefore, in the foreshore of Bombay and in its improvements goes beyond the general interest of a Government in the trade of the country, and involves something more practical, namely, the convenience of Government itself in its own shipping operations. The representatives of the trading community of Bombay may therefore fairly ask that the Government should place no unnecessary burden upon it. It will be remembered that a proposal was lately made by the Trustees of the port to get rid of the additional interest which they will become liable to pay to Government in June of next year, by borrowing in the open market under the guarantee of the Bombay Government and paying off the sum due to the Indian Government. The proposal received the approval of both the Bombay and the Supreme Governments, but unfortunately was thrown out by the Secretary of State for reasons not made public. Since that time we have watched carefully the proceedings of the Trustees, in the expectation of seeing a proposal brought forward to ask the Secretary of State, inasmuch as he is unable to permit the Bombay Government to guarantee the Port Trust Bonds to sanction the withdrawal on the part of the Indian Government of their right to receive an additional half per cent. interest on the debt of the Trust from the 26th June, 1883. As the Trustees have not, however, taken up the matter, we would call the attention of the Chamber of Commerce to it as one of vital importance to the trade and one that admits of no delay. The additional interest for which the trade will be liable on the above date will be about Rs. 1,05,000 per annum. The former arguments in favour of a retention of the present rate of interest still remain. They are : (1) that the loan is not worth more than 4 per cent., as Government paper bearing 4 per cent. interest stands at a premium ; (2) that the opportunity of borrowing at 4 per cent. to repay Government has been lost through the unwillingness on the part of the Secretary of State to sanction the proposal which had been approved by both the Indian and the Bombay Governments ; (3) the additional burden which will be placed on the trade by an increase in the interest they are already liable for ; (4) That the original purchase which caused the debt, and the price paid, were settled without consulting the trade. To these strong reasons can now be added the great assistance to Government in an emergency which is furnished by the dock, and the enormous saving in expense to Government by its use at the present moment. Again, there would appear to be no time to lose, if the question of a continuance of the present rate of interest is to be brought before Government. In eleven months the extra interest will begin to accrue, unless meantime some other arrangement be made. An appeal cannot be successfully carried through the various departments in a day. At present, too, the Government are realising the great advantage to themselves of the new dock, and would naturally be more ready to acknowledge it than they would be if the matter were left until the practical advantages to Government themselves were a matter of the past and of the future rather than of the present. The trade of Bombay have already to pay 16 lakhs of rupees a year on the Port Trust debt, and they can fairly ask to be relieved from having an extra lakh added to that heavy interest by Government. The rate of interest now paid, four per cent., is a fair one ; to increase it to four-and-a-half per cent. would make it excessive. The Chamber of Commerce could hardly go before Government with a stronger case.

ON Saturday and yesterday it was reported in Bombay that the native troops intended for the Egyptian Expedition would not be sent after all, the British regiments alone being deemed sufficient. We believe there was no good ground for this report, and though it was widely spread and generally credited, the tenor of to-day's telegrams from London disprove it. No new order was issued either on Saturday or yesterday, and the preparations already in progress went on uninterruptedly. The Clothing Department will to-day complete the quantity of clothes which it was instructed to get ready. The Commissariat Department is pressing hay and laying in provisions ; fittings are being got ready ; instructions to charter steamers are hourly expected. Native troops would be much better adapted to the work of patrolling the Canal and garrisoning Suez and Ismailia than British troops, for they could stand the great heat of August and September and October much better than Europeans, and it is for that specific duty they were originally designated. If there is to be an occupation of Egypt, the work can be done much more effectually, and with less waste of life, by employing regiments which can stand the climate than by employing British troops alone. In our first expedition to Egypt—to oust the French—sepoys formed part of it, and a very valuable part. There is no reason why their services should not be turned to account now. Indeed, in the nature of things they will have to be utilised, all hesitations and rumours to the contrary notwithstanding. As soon as the Government has obtained the permission of Parliament for the despatch of the troops, we may expect that orders will be issued for the chartering of steamers. Every preliminary has been arranged and completed.

A telegram received as we go to press announces the final orders at home. A vote of over two millions will be asked for. The appointment of the Duke of Connaught to command a brigade will be popular. He has frequently volunteered for service, but the Queen has always vetoed his application. The selection of commanders is unexceptionable, and the expedition will have the benefit of some of the best military talent we possess.

THE appointment of Mr. T. C. Hope to a seat on the Viceroy's Council appears to cancel his appointment to a prospective seat on the Bombay Council. He will not care to give up Simla for Poona or Calcutta for Bombay ; although it is to his credit that he has never forgotten that he is a Bombaywallah, and has always regarded this as the Presidency of his predilection. We are sorry that Bombay will not have the benefit of his long experience, his insatiable activity, and his determined initiative ; but what Bombay loses India gains.

SIR JOHN ADYE.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR JOHN MILLER ADYE, R.A., K.C.B., who has been appointed chief of the Staff in Egypt, holds the appointment of Her Majesty's Surveyor-General of the Ordnance, but is probably better known as the late Governor of the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich. Hart gives him the following war services :—Sir John Miller Adye served the Eastern campaign of 1854-55 as Assistant Adjutant-General of Royal Artillery, and was present at the affairs of Bulganac and M'Kenzie's Farm, the battles of Alma, Balaklava, and Inkerman, capture of Balaklava Castle, siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with four clasps, C.B., Commander of the Legion of Honour, 4th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal). Served in India in 1857-58 as Assistant Adjutant-General of Royal Artillery, and was present at the action of Pandoo Nuddee 26th Nov., operations before Cawnpore under General Windham, 27th, 28th and 29th Nov., battle of Cawnpore and defeat of the Gwalior Contingent 6th Dec. 1857 (three times mentioned in despatches, medal). Employed on special service with the expedition of 1863 against the tribes on the North-West Frontier of India, and was present at the storm of Laloo, capture of Umbeylah, and destruction of Mulkah (medal with clasps).

THE EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION.

THE Government hired steamer Peshwa leaves Bombay for Suez to-morrow with about 230 head of cattle and 1,500 sheep and goats. She also takes a number of followers.

CAPTAIN J. W. HETHERINGTON, of the s. s. Sicily, which arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool, reports that he observed nothing unusual in passing through the Canal except a great many refugees on their way to Port Said and a large number of small vessels and boats full of European refugees in the Canal opposite Suez. These boats were moored fast to the banks of the Canal, and the refugees were living on them ready at any time to get aboard of the ships in Suez harbour.

THE tonnage available for an expedition is daily decreasing in Bombay. Ship-owners are getting tired of allowing their steamers to remain idle on the bare chance that they will be required by Government. It is now pretty generally believed in Bombay that no expedition will be sent from India.

WITH reference to the possibility of an Indian force being sent to Egypt, the *Englishman* says :—"As no opposition is likely to be offered to the landing in Egypt, there would be no occasion to await the concentration of the whole fleet of transports in the Red Sea before commencing the debarkation. The idea therefore seems to be to send off the Seaforth Highlanders with the Madras Sappers from Aden immediately final orders are received, with directions to land and entrench themselves at the point selected. The Indian troops would follow with the utmost speed, shipload by shipload. The Highlanders and Sappers would have the support of H. M. S. Euryalus, Ruby, and Dragon, now in the Red Sea, and the gunboats at Suez, and could well hold their own, even if they were attacked during the few days before reinforcements reached them."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—"In Consumption its efficacy is unequalled. Dr. Sinclair Coghill, Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor, writes : "I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. Dr. de Jongh's Oil is now the only Cod Liver Oil used in the Royal National Hospital for Consumption and Diseases of the Chest." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists, druggists, and storekeepers. Sole Consignees : Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London.

BANGALORE RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

JULY 18.

THE third day of the Bangalore Races for this season came off on Tuesday last. With fine weather there was a much larger concourse than on the two previous occasions of people who have not yet wearied in any degree of "going to see the races." His Highness the Maharajah appears to be an ardent lover of sport of all kinds, for he allows nothing that is going on, of any degree of importance, to escape his notice, and, if possible, he honours it with his presence. He was again present on Tuesday evening on the stand, and took a great deal of interest in the business going forward. The band of the 15th Native Infantry was in attendance, and gave us some well-selected, excellent music, adding considerably to the enjoyment of the evening.

The lotteries at the Cubbon on Monday were pretty fairly attended owing in part to the removal of the prohibition disqualifying jockeys and trainers from participating in them, and the result has been a brisk bidding at auctions—the professionals supplying the place of amateur sporting men with large desires for most uncertain issues, and small means to back up racing extravagance. The events came off punctual to time ; and the results are appended.

GRAND ANNUAL.—Hurdle Race. Rs. 1,000. Weight for age and class raised 2 stone. Maidens allowed 7 lbs. Distance about 2 miles. Over 8 flights of Hurdles. G. R. allowed 7 lbs. Entrance on 1st May Rs. 15, 1st June Rs. 25, 1st July, Rs. 50.

Mr. Herbert's b aus g At Last, 10st. 7lb., Mr Hemery .. 1
Mr. Mason's Vestropp's br aus g Terror, 8st. 13lb., Cozens .. 2
Mr. Chamundi's ch aus g Moslem, 10st. 1lb., Wilkins .. 3
Mr. Arthur's b aus g The Australian, 10st. 4lb., Scott .. 0

Terror and The Australian were the first on their legs, taking the first hurdle together. Just past the stand At Last closed up to them, and getting the lead, made the running home, with Terror in immediate attendance behind, winning by better than a couple of lengths. Time rather slow, viz., first two miles, 4 min. 19 sec. ; whole distance, 4 min. 32 sec.

THE ARABIAN PURSE.—Rs. 500. Presented by Mr. Abdool Rahmon. For all Arabs. Weight for age. Maidens allowed 7 lbs. Horses landed after 1st September, 1881, allowed 3 lbs. Winners once 5 lbs., twice 7 lbs., oftener 10 lbs. Rs. 30 for each horse declared to start. Distance 1¼ mile. Entrance on 15th March Rs. 30, 1st May Rs. 50, 1st June Rs. 75, 1st July Rs. 100.

Mr. Abdool Rahmon's b a h Rataplan, 9st. 13lb., Hackney 1
Mr. Whitehead's b a h Euphrates, 9st. 13lb., Bowen .. 2
Mr. Abdool Rahmon's b a h Dictator, 7st. 10lb., Vinall .. 3
Aga Ali Asker's b a h Copenhagen, 9st. 13lb., Cozens .. 0
H. H. Aga Khan's g a h Khusroo, 8st 2lb Brewty .. 0

Getting away to a fair start, Khusroo showed the way, with Rataplan on his quarter and Copenhagen a trifle further behind. Going down the Dip, Rataplan was first, but on making the turn for the straight, Euphrates pressed him close, eventually conceding the prize to his rival and being beaten by half a length. Time, 2 min. 59 sec.

H. H. THE MAHARAJAH'S PURSE.—Rs. 1,000. For all English and Colonials. A free handicap. R. C. and a distance. Entrance 15th July, 1882. Handicap to be published before 7 a.m. 17th July. Acceptances before noon on the 18th.

Mr. Herbert's ch aus g Linkboy, 9st. 7lb., Bowen .. 1
Rajah of Paikpara's b aus h Palmerston, 9st. 4lb., Vinall 2
Mr. Ball's b a h Despot, 8st. 2lb., Blackburn .. 3
Mr. Apcar's ch aus m Queensland, 9st. 10lb., Tingey .. 0
Mysore confederate's b aus h Bruno, 8st., Wool .. 0
Col. Utterson's b aus c Clublaw, 7st. 9lb., Kurree .. 0

Of the six that faced the starter Clublaw was the first to be off, with Queensland second and Bruno third, the rest tailing off behind. About half way through all were going at a rattling pace. Getting together in the straight for home, old Pam was a little in advance, but, answering to the whip, Linkboy drew away, and won in a canter by about a length and a half. Time, R.C. 2 min. 20 secs. ; whole distance, 2 min. 52½ secs.

GALLOWAY STAKES.—Rs. 400. For all Galloways. Weight for age and inches. Winners once 3 lbs., twice 5 lbs., oftener 7 lbs. extra. Maidens allowed 4 lbs. R. C. and a distance. Entrance on 15th March Rs. 25, 1st May Rs. 50, 1st June Rs. 100, 1st July Rs. 150.

Col. Utterson's g a g Grey Warrior, 9st. 10lb., Vinall .. 1
Mr. Lavelle's ch a g Sunshine, 8st. 5lb., Tingey .. 2
H. H. Aga Khan's ch a g Venus, 8st. 13lb., Rowjee .. 3
Mr. Kesree Sing's ch a g Emperor, 8st. 7lb., Clark .. 0

One false start preceded the good break-away of the field for this race, Venus going forward gamely and doing the running in advance of Emperor and Sunshine. Grey Warrior in the meantime, as if conscious of winning, slowly improved his position, his rider, Vinall, landing him a winner by a length. Time, R.C. 2 min. 33½ sec. ; whole distance, 2 min 49½ sec.

H. H. AGA KHAN'S PURSE.—Rs. 500. For all Maiden Arabs. Scale of weights to be as follows :—3 years, 7 stone 4 lbs ; 4 years, 7 stone 12 lbs ; 5 years, 8 stone 5 lbs ; 6 years, 8 stone 12 lbs ; 7 years, 9 stone. Winners before the race, once 5 lbs., twice and oftener 7 lbs. extra, with a Sweepstake of Rs. 50 for each horse declared to start. Three horses in different interests to start, or the purse will be withheld. 1½ mile. Entrance on 15th March Rs. 50, 1st May Rs. 100, 1st June Rs. 150.

H. H. Aga Khan's g a h Kohinoor, 8st. 12lb., Rowjee .. 1
Do. do. Khusroo, 8st. 3lb., Brewty .. 2
Col. Utterson's b a h. Orion, 8st. 8lb., Vinall .. 3
Mr. Kesree Sing's ch a h Red Hassard, 8st. 5lb., Clark .. 0

The drop of the flag got the lot away to what was considered a good start, with Orion, Red Hassard, and Khusroo following, a length separating each. Khusroo took second place down hill, and kept his place coming home, Kohinoor winning easily. Red Hassard out of the race altogether. Time 3 min. 2 sec.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

BANGALORE, JULY 23.

The weather was fine and the attendance good. Sir F. Roberts and H. H. the Maharajah of Mysore were present.

WINNERS' HANDICAP.
For all horses. 2 miles.

Palmerston ...	... 1
Queensland ...	... 2
Linkboy ...	... 3

Time, 3 min. 55 sec.

WINNERS' HANDICAP.
For Arabs and Country-bred horses. 1¾ mile.

Rataplan	... 1
Dictator	... 2
Grey Warrior	... 3

Time, 3 min. 27 sec.

CONSOLATION STAKES.
For all horses.

Palmerston.....W. O.

CONSOLATION STAKES.
For Arabs and Country-bred horses. R. C.

Blacklock	... 1
Tara	... 2
Reformer	... 3

Time, 2 min. 31 sec.

PONY RACE.
For all ponies. ½ mile.

Forget-me-not ...	... 1
White Flag	... 2
Diadem	... 3

There were no entries for the Auction Stakes. A Silladar race brought the annual flat races to a close.

MURDER OF AN AUSTRIAN TRAVELLER.

THE following has been sent to us from the Political Department, Secretariat :—

Aden Residency, the 30th June, 1882.

From Brigadier-General J. BLAIR, V.C., Political Resident, Aden, to the CHIEF SECRETARY to Government, Bombay.

Sir,—I have the honour to report that about the middle of June, 1882, a report was received from the Sultan of the Abdali that an Austrian named Dr. Siegfried Langer had been murdered by some Daeirs, a tribe not under the control of this Residency.

2. To ascertain the circumstances of the case, a Residency Arab official was despatched to the scene of the murder ; and from his report I am now in a position to give an account of the whole matter.

3. Doctor Siegfried Langer described himself as a member of the Geographical Society and of the Academy of Sciences of Vienna. He had been travelling some months back in the Turkish territories in Yemen, and had been arrested by the Governor-General of Yemen and sent to Hodeida in order to leave the country. The Governor-General apparently was afraid Dr. Langer might come to harm, as the district of Moarab, to which he wished to go, had not come completely under Turkish jurisdiction.

4. In the middle of April Dr. Langer came to Aden without any letters of introduction to the Resident, but was introduced to the Resident by Mr. Escher, Vice-Consul for Austria and Hungary.

5. In the course of an interview, the Resident endeavoured to impress upon Dr. Langer the extreme danger of travelling into the distant interior without proper escort, but Dr. Langer persisted in believing that he would be quite safe.

6. To assist Dr. Langer as far as possible, he was provided with letters of recommendation from the Political Resident to the Abdali Hunshabi and the Upper Yorfai, through whose territories he was to travel.

7. Dr. Langer, after reaching Lahej, proceeded to the Hunshabi country with an escort provided by the Abdali. The Hunshabi then supplied him with camel-men, who escorted him to the Alandi country. The Alandi in turn

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By London and Teheran.)

THE EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION.

CALLING OUT THE BRITISH RESERVES.

ITALIAN CO-OPERATION SUGGESTED BY FRANCE.

MASSACRES OF JEWS AT CAIRO.

PROCLAMATION BY ARABI.

LONDON, JULY 23, MORNING.

The amount of the extraordinary credit for the Egyptian Expedition which Parliament will be asked to vote is £2,300,000, of which £900,000 is for the army, and £1,400,000 for naval expenditure.

The expeditionary force from England will consist of 10,000 men.

General Sir Garnet Wolseley has been appointed to the supreme command of the expedition with H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught and General Sir A. Alison and Sir Evelyn Wood as brigadiers.

General Macpherson will command the force from India.

Latest advices from Egypt state that the British have blown up the railway line outside Alexandria.

Shots have been exchanged with Arabi's Cavalry who, however, dispersed.

LONDON, JULY 22, MOR G.

General Sir John Miller Adye has been appointed Chief of the Staff of the expeditionary force for Egypt.

The English Army Reserves will be summoned to join on the 2nd August.

France has proposed to England that Italy should co-operate in the occupation of Egypt. It is expected that the English Government will acquiesce.

Latest advices from Alexandria state that massacres have commenced in the Jewish quarter of Cairo and are being continued in the interior of the country.

Arabi Pasha has issued a proclamation in which he declares war to the knife against all English.

THE CANAL TRAFFIC.

The following telegram has been obtained by Mr. Parker, the Bombay Agent of the P. & O. Company, from the P. & O. Agent at Suez, at the request of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce :—

"SUEZ, JULY 22.

"Canal traffic uninterrupted. The following steamers have entered the Canal :—Nepaul, Sirocco, Singapore, Silverdale, Clan Mackay, Edwin, Athens, Duke of Buccleuch, Hartington, Finchley, Lufra, Menelaus, Castlehill, Cavalier."

THE OUTCOMING MAILS.

The Superintendent of the P. and O. Company has received the following telegram from Suez :—

"The Bokhara, with the English mail of 14th July, left Suez at 7-30 p.m. on Saturday."

ARABI'S MILITARY POSITION.

DESTRUCTION OF TELEGRAPHS AND RAILWAYS.

We have been favoured with the following by the Eastern Telegraph Company :—

SUEZ, JULY 23.

All the telegraph wires have been cut at Kafre Dawar, and parts of the railway have been torn up to prevent communication with Alexandria.

ARABI'S POSITION AND STRENGTH.

Arabi Pasha occupies with his troops an area of about 18 square miles between the Kafre Dawar station and the Mahaha station, at which point the Alexandria Canal is about two miles distant from the rail, forming the front of his position towards Alexandria, where he has guns placed, but not yet entrenched.

He has also guns on both banks of the Canal, which are some feet above the level of the surrounding country, and has raised earthworks in rear of his position a little westward of Kafre Dawar, between which place and Damanhour large numbers of horses are picketed.

Trains are constantly bringing reinforcements and guns to his camp from Cairo.

MR. T. C. HOPE, C.S.I.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 23.

A *Gazette of India Extraordinary* was issued yesterday to the following effect :—" Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, has been graciously pleased to appoint Mr. Theodore Cracraft Hope, C. S. I., of the Bombay Civil Service, to be an ordinary member of the Council of the Governor-General of India. Mr. Hope has, on the afternoon of this day, taken his seat under the usual salute as an ordinary member of the said Council."

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE ARREARS BILL.

LONDON, JULY 22.

The Commons have finally passed the arrears of Rent Bill.

LONDON, JULY 20.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

Fair Dhollera	4 9-16

The Manchester market has been firm..

4 per cent. Rupee Paper	83½
4½ per cent. do.	89½
3 per cent. Consols for account	100⅜
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan	100⅜
5 per cent. French Rentes	115⅓
Bar Silver	52

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

Reserve of Notes	£11,980,000, Inc. £400,000
Bills Discounted	£22,600,000, unchanged.
Bullion	£23,700,000, Do.

The proportion of the Reserve to the Liabilities is 40 per cent.

Arrivals—Adirondack and Swiftsure.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(JULY 23.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, interrupted.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, interrupted.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* direct cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, interrupted.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect up to Hongkong. *Via* Amoy, perfect up to Amoy.

News has been received here from Aden of the murder of an Austrian traveller, Dr. Siegfried Lenger, while travelling in the interior. The object of the murder was apparently to obtain possession of a little money and other property, including a double-barrelled gun and revolver, which the traveller carried with him. Dr. Langer visited Aden in April last, and was then strongly advised by Colonel Blair, the Resident, not to undertake a journey into the unsettled interior, but he insisted on carrying out his intention. Colonel Blair's report of the occurrence is given in another column.

LIEUTENANT S. F. BIDDULPH, attached to the 10th B. L., has been appointed A.-D.-C. on the Staff of Sir Michael Biddulph, Commanding the Rawalpindi Division.

THE Calcutta papers announce the death, on Wednesday evening from cholera, of Mr. T. J. Handford, senior partner of the firm of Messrs. Handford and Crew.

IT is stated that all persons, whether in the service of Government or not, will be allowed one per cent. commission on the actual sale of stock notes of the following denomination, namely, Rs. 12½ Rs. 25, and Rs. 50.

ON Monday last the *Englishman* announced that the officer commanding the 13th Bengal Lancers had received orders not to recall the men of his regiment at present on leave, but now learns that the regiment has ordered on the 18th to recall all leave men and troops on detached duty.

A FELLOW-FEELING makes us wondrous kind ! The *Amrita Bazaar Patrika*, writing of the result of the Kolhapore Defamation Cases, says :—" We congratulate Mr. Barve, but we must protest against the bloody sentence passed on the Editors. Two years for defamation ! This is the heaviest sentence passed in India in a case like that."

THE *Mahratta* writes on the Kolhapore Defamation cases, in which it was closely interested :—"The Burve Defamation Cases which were being tried at the Criminal Sessions in Bombay, have all been decided against the accused, who have all been sentenced. It is our duty, we admit, to criticise the proceedings, but we do not do so here, because we think of publishing the proceedings in a pamphlet form, and our criticism will be included in the pamphlet. We only wish to announce to the readers of this journal that the sad fate which has overtaken Messrs. Tilak and Agarkar will not in the least affect this paper, which will be continued with the same vigour and the same policy as hitherto."

A NUMBER of "Jamidars, Desaees, and other subjects of the Native State of Rajpipla" have addressed a memorial to the Viceroy petitioning His Excellency to waive his "virtuous reluctance to interfere in the internal government of Native States" in their favour, and to inquire into and remedy the present faults of the judicial and police arrangements, the system of land tax and other cesses, and various "miscellaneous abuses."

THE ex-Gaekwar Mulharrao appears to be getting worse. The *Madras Mail* of July 21 says :—"We regret to learn that the condition of the ex-Gaekwar is considered very critical, and that the doctors entertain no hope of his recovery. His daughter has been with him since yesterday morning. During the whole of his illness he has had the best medical advice and nursing that could be obtained, and Captain Wyllie himself has been most devoted in his personal attentions to his charge."

THE importation from England of Government stores still goes on in spite of the remonstrances of the Government of India. The imports of these articles for May last aggregate nearly 26 lakhs of rupees in value, as against nearly 14 lakhs in the same month of 1881, and the combined returns for April and May in 1882 amount to over 40 lakhs, as against over 34 lakhs in 1881, and nearly 35 lakhs in 1880.

THE London Military correspondent of an up-country paper writes :—"I think it may be considered as settled that the Inniskilling Dragoons will leave Natal about October, 1883, and proceed to Lucknow in place of the 10th Hussars, who will come to England during the trooping season 1883-84."

THE subjects appointed for the various examinations in Arts of the Calcutta University for the year 1884-85, which have been published in the *Gazette of India*, include the following books on the Evidences of Christianity :—Paley's "Evidences," Butler's "Analogy," Christlieb's "Modern Doubt and Christian Belief," and Mozley's "Lectures on Miracles." A contemporary suggests that native students will probably master these books with very mixed feelings.

THE Maharajah of Travancore has contributed Rs. 500 in aid of the institution for the higher education of native ladies lately opened in Calcutta.

IT is reported that the expenditure of a sum of three lakhs of rupees has been sanctioned for the erection of barracks at Ghisri, as a sort of sanitarium for the troops at Kurrachee.

THE Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has authorised the expenditure by the Port Commissioners of Calcutta of a sum of Rs. 2,94,597 for the construction of a steamer for their service.

THE *Pioneer* hears there is some likelihood that a Bill will be brought in to amend the Deccan Ryots Act. "Not that there is anything in that Act that requires amendment,—as its opponents will doubtless contend directly they hear there is to be an amendment,—but simply that the law courts in Bombay have not been working the Bill as its authors intended. The original belief of its authors was to the effect that its provisions were so clearly expressed that they could not be misunderstood ; but the Bombay judges have not all been favourable to the principle of the Bill. It would be wrong to say they have dealt with it unfairly ; but at all events when judges do not like the principle of an Act they may sometimes be slow to realise the actual intention of the Legislature. Any way, it will probably be found necessary to re-state some of the ideas in the Bill in even plainer language than that by which they are now conveyed."

A NATIVE doctor in Government service in Bengal has applied to have his leave cancelled, in consequence of the Egyptian crisis, and has offered himself for service with the Indian force. The *Indian Daily News* remarks :—" It has been said on several occasions that native medical men have avoided active service. We are glad that Dr. Chandra has come forward to disprove this statement, and we think the spirit and zeal he has shown should be rewarded in a fitting way by an appointment on the medical staff of the force proceeding to Egypt."

THE Indian military authorities, an up-country paper suggests, will either have to alter the rule which now regulates the re-enlistment of native soldiers who have voluntarily taken their discharge, or to submit to a heavy monetary loss without any compensating advantages. "In proof of this we quote the following pragraph from a letter written by a Staff Officer—'A sepoy, whom I will call Ahmed Buksh, took his discharge on the 30th June from a disbanded regiment, receiving a gratuity of Rs. 45. On the 7th July he visited his old recruiting party, and brought before me to have his name, &c., entered into the recruit roll, prior to being passed by the Medical Officer and Officer Commanding the station. After serving three years in his new corps, Ahmed Buksh will be allowed to reckon his former service towards pension. Who has scored, the Government or Ahmed Buksh ?' The only matter for surprise is that every native soldier of the disbanded regiments did not act as Ahmed Buksh has done."

THE trial that has come to be known about Cawnpore as "the great Nasir-ud-din case," and has been under investigation in one way or another for more than a year, has just been concluded at the local Sessions, after a three-weeks' hearing. The story of the case is a very old one—on the one side a zemindar eager for enhanced rates, on other tenants obstinate in resistance, then the expedient of a forged lease ; with fictitious entries in the putwari's books ; finally the bench and the dock. Nasir-ud-din has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of two thousand rupees ; Gunga Sham, the patwari, to three years' rigorous imprisonment ; and the minion who wrote the deed to eighteen months of the same. As affecting one of the principal zemindars of the district, and a man, too, who did good service in the Mutiny, the case of Nasir-ud-din has been watched with interest by the people.

THE last returns of the Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi Railway show a remarkable development in the provincial traffic in food grains. In the month of May last the quantity that passed over the line amounted to 532,789 maunds, valued at Rs. 1,34,657, or upwards of six times the amount in value reported for May, 1881—101,469 maunds, valued at Rs. 18,080. This great increase is ascribed by the Agent to "a larger traffic within an export of grains served by" the line. The deliveries to the Indus Valley State Railway alone showed an increase of 120,000 maunds, most of which was destined for Kurrachee. The other principal "points of destination" were Delhi, Meerut, and the Saharunpore districts.

WHATEVER alterations the Education Commission may effect in the system of public instruction in the Punjab, there can be no doubt, the Allahabad paper points out, as to the great changes which it has produced among the higher personnel of the department. "In less than three weeks from the commencement of its sittings at Simla it has resulted in two marriages and one engagement. The Director, who formed the first witness, completed his evidence on a Saturday night at past 8 o'clock, so as to free him for the bonds of matrimony on the following Monday morning. A few days later an engagement occurred in the household of one of the members of the Commission, and a happy marriage was effected in the following week. Another member, long supposed to be one of the toughest bachelors in the Punjab, has also fallen a prey to the shafts of Cupid, and his engagement was announced at Simla this week. If Dr. Hunter collects such inflammable materials at all the hill stations which he may visit as President of the Commission, he will earn the gratitude of Indian spinsterhood."

IT is reported that in view to promoting the silk industry in this country the Revenue and Agricultural Department have made arrangements for supplying such of the local Governments and Administrations as are prepared to join in the experiment with small quantities of silk-worm eggs of the univoltine variety, for the purposes of silk-worm rearing during the next cold weather. It has also been suggested to the provincial Governments that if the experiment is to be carried out on a large scale, the extended cultivation of the mulberry should be at once commenced in the localities selected for the trial, and for this purpose cuttings of the *Morus multicaulis*, the kind of mulberry found much the best for the ordinary silk-worm, has been promised for planting during the ensuing cold season.

THE furniture, pictures, and objects of art sold from the Hamilton Palace realised unheard-of prices. A secretaire which once belonged to Marie Antoinette, and is by no means pretty, fetched £4,600 ; and two other pieces of her drawing-room furniture £10,000 more. They may have been bought as relics, though this is not believed. Such purchases are not, of course, tests of national prosperity, but they are proofs that the standard of wealth has risen to a very high level indeed and that the very wealthy have not much fear of any general collapse. The millionaires are seldom ruined in time of pecuniary trouble, indeed, they make very often fortunes out of them, but it is not in such times that such sales succeed. It is believed that, with the pictures included, the Duke of Hamilton will obtain at least £300,000 for the furniture of one house.

MAJOR G. PRIESTLEY, late of the 66th Regiment, in a letter to the *Launceston Examiner*, advocates the desirability of making Tasmania a sanitarium for Indian troops. The chief reasons he puts forward are that the cost of living in the hill stations of India is much more expensive than in Tasmania, and that the climate of Tasmania is more desirable. He points to the fact that officers on leave from India frequently come to Tasmania for recovery of health, and after a very short stay in the colony return invigorated and much improved. He contends that Tasmania is comparatively close to India by steamer, and that the voyage there is much preferable to the voyage through the Canal to England. Troops stationed in Tasmania could we within easy reach of India in the event of war, and would be ready for any emergency that might arise in any of the Australian Colonies, New Zealand, or India, and reach their destination earlier than from England. The *Englishman* thinks it might be desirable for the Government to make some inquiries regarding the feasibility of stationing troops in Tasmania. Certainly the island has on several occasions been brought before the Indian public as a desirable residence for old Indians, and there are many retired officers settled there with their families who find it considerably cheaper than England, though no doubt the want of society and of a ready career for their sons may have their disadvantages. As a sanitary station, so far as climate and cheapness are concerned, it is probably unrivalled, and the advantages to be gained by having a force ready to despatch to meet colonial emergencies would, no doubt, be an important element in favour of Tasmania as a sanitarium for Indian troops.

CRUEL RIDING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—This morning, on the Queen's-road opposite the Marine-lines, two jockeys or horse-breakers were racing their animals on the hard road. One of the horses slipped, fell, and broke his fetlock joint. The fault was entirely the rider's, who deserves to be punished for his reckless conduct, and if the owner of the horse wants evidence, you can give him my name. There were several witnesses to the affair.

July 22. C. S.

BOMBAY.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 22nd inst :—Abyssinia (s), from Kurrachee ; Empire (s), Cardiff ; Inchrhona (s), Liverpool. Yesterday :—Sicily (s), Liverpool.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessel sailed on the 21st inst :—Bancoora (s), for Egypt. Saturday :—Geelong (s), China, &c. Yesterday :—Columbian (s), Jeddah.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Inchrhona, Cotherstone, and Knight of the Bath entered the dock on Saturday, and the Bancoora left on Friday night.

THE GOA COINAGE.—The conversion of the old coins of Goa into new currency has resulted in a loss to the public treasury of Rs. 10,000 on each lakh converted.

MARMAGOA.—A police force has been quartered in the Fort of Marmagoa ; and a salt depôt has been opened to supply the labourers working on the railway line.

THEFT AT LOVE-LANE, BYCULLA.—Aga Akbar Shaliving at Love-lane, reported to the police on Friday last the theft of a silver hookah, valued at Rs. 100, from his premises.

FURIOUS DRIVING.—Dewjee Gunnoo, a coachman, was on Saturday last convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of driving his vehicle in a rash and negligent manner, on the day previous, at Chowpatty. He was fined Rs. 10.

AN OLD OFFENDER.—Mahomed Morad was on Saturday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of stealing some silver-lace valued at Rs. 10, the property of Mirza Jaffer Ally. He was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

ACCIDENT.—Eleazar Deesa, a cook on board the P. and O. steamship Venetia, on Friday last accidentally fell off the deck into the hold of the vessel, and was seriously injured. He was at once removed to the J. J. Hospital for treatment.

THEFT.—Sulliman Allybhoy and Sulliman Adamjee were on Saturday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing two copper pots and two umbrellas from Jaffer Ebrahimjee. They were each sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

BREACH OF SHIP DISCIPLINE.—Lindsey Brierly, a fireman of the steamship Clan Macdonald, was on Saturday last convicted by Mr. W. Webb of absenting himself from that vessel without leave. He was sentenced to one week's rigorous imprisonment.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Rama Balloo, a *hamal* in the service of Messrs. Treacher and Company, Byculla, was on Saturday last convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing one rupee, the property of his employers. He was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY TEMPERANCE LEAGUE.—The Soiree announced to take place last Monday, but which was postponed owing to the inclemency of the weather, will be held in the Young Men's Rooms, Apollo-bunder, on Monday next, the 24th instant, at 8-15 p.m. Admission eight annas. Pay at the doors.

FOUND.—The driver of hack-buggy No. 221 made over to the police on Saturday morning a silver watch and chain. The property is supposed to have been left by two soldiers who engaged his buggy and drove about to several places in the town, and alighted at the Prince's Dock. It has been forwarded to the office of the Commissioner of Police, Byculla.

CHARGE OF THEFT AGAINST A SERVANT.—At the Fort Police Court on Saturday last Mr. Craigie, of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, applied for bail before Mr. Webb, on behalf of his client Mr. Nusserwanjee Maneckjee Petit, a well-known merchant of Bombay, and obtained a warrant for the arrest of Dadabhai Edalji, a collector of rents in the employ of the complainant, charging him with the theft of Rs. 4,700 out of rents recovered by him on behalf of his employer.

REJOICING AMONG THE KHOJAS.—We are informed that His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General has conferred upon Aga Alee Shah the title that his late father, His Highness Aga Khan, enjoyed. In consequence of the receipt of a telegram to that effect, the Khojas of Bombay nominated their jumat-khana on Saturday last, in token of rejoicing at the honour conferred upon their spiritual leader. Fireworks were also let off on the occasion.

A SUSPICIOUS CHARACTER.—Ebrahim Abbas, described as a reputed thief, was on Saturday charged before Mr. W. Webb with being a man of notoriously bad livelihood, and was called on to show cause why he should not give security for his future good behaviour. The prisoner admitted the charge, and could show no cause why he should not furnish security. He was ordered to furnish two securities in the sum of Rs. 300 each for his good behaviour for twelve months.

DROWNED.—A coroner's inquest was held on Friday evening last at Upper Colaba, on the body of Yelee, girl, aged eleven years, who had accidentally fallen into a well in that locality while drawing water, and was drowned. The body of the deceased was recovered by means of rings some three-quarters of an hour after the occurrence. A verdict of accidental death by drowning was recorded.

ACCIDENT IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.—One of the native crew of the s. s. Columbian lost his life on Friday night by falling down between the ship and the dock wall. It seems that about 10 p. m. the seaman got safely on board. His Lordship might have safely take it, judging from the past, that the demand for European labour, especially in Government employ, would be less in the future, and that the salaries of the class of Europeans employed in Government Buildings were not likely to rise. In the same way there was no likelihood that the rents paid for the Grant Buildings would rise. The damages which would be suffered by the plaintiffs would be extremely small. The best answer to the plaintiff's argument that the rents could be raised 10 per cent. all round, was that they had never ventured to do it. The tendency of European salaries in India was not upward, but downward ; and his Lordship might take it as a well-established hypothesis that the rents paid by the tenants of Grant Buildings could not rise for many years to come unless some great revolution occurred to change the ordinary course of events. The defendant was willing to take a lease of the three divisions at the present full rents for ten years certain, and to give substantial security for the due performance of the covenant ; or even for fifteen years, if his Lordship thought it proper. His Lordship could say that if the plaintiffs did not accept this offer, he would give them only nominal damages.

His Lordship asked if the plaintiffs were willing to accept this offer.

Mr. Anderson said that if that was the full limit of the offer, his clients declined it. They declined to have the eastern block dealt with separately from the western block, because if they wished at a later period to dispose of the Buildings, they would be unable to do so on account of the lease.

Mr. Lang said they could have a term inserted in the lease to the effect that, if the property was sold, the lease was to terminate at once.

Mr. Anderson said the plaintiffs were willing to come to terms with reference to both the blocks, but not one of them separately.

Mr. Lang then asked that the plaintiffs having failed to do so one question of their claim, having gained only three-eighths of it, costs should be awarded them in that proportion only. At any rate, the learned counsel asked that the defendants should be awarded the costs of the present inquiry.

Mr. Anderson said his clients never expected and never asked for damages : they only asked for an injunction to stop the nuisance from which they had been suffering. He submitted that there could be no certain measure for damages in this instance, and the present inquiry was some measure a speculative one. The plaintiffs did not ask for anything more : they wanted to be left alone. They were therefore entitled to all the costs.

The inquiry terminated here, his Lordship reserving his judgment.

THE BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the report of the directors of the Bank of Bengal, for the half-year ended 30th June last :—

For the first four months of the half-year there was a full trade demand for money at high rates of interest, but in May and June business was on a smaller scale and rates were gradually reduced. The Bank's average rate for demand loans for the whole period was 8·17 per cent. The net profit at head office and branches, including Rs. 38,665-15-10 brought from the previous half-year, amounted to Rs. 15,74,074-2-10, which the directors appropriated as follows :—

I.—In payment of a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum..	Rs.	10,00,000	0 0
II.—Transfer to reserve fund	"	3,00,000	0 0
III.—Transfer to pension and pension fund.	"	60,171	0 0
IV.—Carried forward to profit and loss account of the current half-year.. ..	"	2,13,903	2 10
	Rs.	15,74,074	2 10

The directors have pleasure in stating that no provision is required for bad or doubtful debts, either at head office or branches. During the half-year, Mr. D. G. Landale, Mr. F. Clarke, Mr. C. H. Moore, and Mr. J. Flemington resigned their seats as directors, and the Board, by virtue of Section 29 of the Presidency Banks Act, appointed in their stead Mr. W. Alexander, of Messrs. Geo. Henderson & Co., Mr. L. P. D. Broughton, Administrator General of Bengal, Mr. H. N. Gladstone, of Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co., and Mr. J. J. Guise, of Messrs. Gisborne & Co.

At the annual general meeting in August Mr. W. Alexander and Mr. J. J. Guise retire from office as directors, but are eligible for re-election. Auditors will also have to be elected, and their remuneration fixed. The present auditors, Mr. H. W. I. Wood and Mr. W. A. Browne, offer themselves for re-election. In March last the directors granted leave of absence for 10 months, on medical certificate, to Mr. R. Hardie, secretary and treasurer, and appointed Mr. W. D. Cruickshank, deputy secretary, to officiate during his absence. The usual half-yearly statements of accounts and the report of the auditors are annexed.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal issued on the 18th July, as compared with that for the 27th June :—

LIABILITIES.	27th June. Rs. A. P.	18th July. Rs. A. P.
Capital paid-up	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	30,11,886 4 4	33,11,886 4 4
Treasury Balance	2,37,91,092 11 8	3,11,21,278 13 9
Other Deposits	2,68,97,808 8 0	2,54,67,746 14 7
Bank Post Bills, &c.....	3,33,430 0 9	4,24,986 3 3
Sundries	17,13,292 1 5	9,87,675 2 0
Rs..	7,57,42,478 14 2	8,13,13,573 5 9

ASSETS.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities ..	82,14,393 14 0	84,91,840 0 0
Other authorized Invtmts	45,88,515 0 0	45,72,545 0 0
Loans on Govt. Securities.	62,20,405 2 0	65,09,913 6 0
Credits on do.	33,87,566 10 7	34,67,543 11 7
Bills Discounted	2,61,90,308 1 6	2,66,48,921 11 0
Balances with other Banks	6,14,745 11 11	3,07,551 10 6
Bullion	6,26,815 0 4	5,67,253 8 5
Dead Stock	12,01,920 9 9	11,86,013 5 10
Stamps	8,222 1 0	7,452 4 0
Sundries	3,42,401 7 5	6,84,784 7 1
Cash at Head Office.....	1,03,09,505 11 7	84,36,616 15 1
Do. at Branches	1,40,37,569 0 1	2,94,33,104 10 9
Rs..	7,57,42,478 14 2	8,13,13,573 5 9

THE following is the statement of the affairs of Bank of Bengal for the half-year ending 30th June, 1882 :—

LIABILITIES.	Rs. A. P.
Capital paid-up	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	33,11,886 4 4
Treasury Balances..	2,97,06,253 15 10
Other Deposits	2,75,97,555 14 8
Bank Post Bills, &c.	3,81,895 13 3
Sundries	17,26,197 6 9
Rs....	8,27,97,331 6 10

ASSETS.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities	83,59,896 2 0
Other authorized Investments ..	45,72,020 0 0
Loans on Govt. Securities, &c. ..	63,79,529 3 0
Accounts of Credit on do. ..	34,73,227 3 0
Bills discounted and purchased ..	2,71,02,217 9 4
Balances with other Banks ..	5,82,670 14 5
Bullion	5,71,512 12 5
Dead Stock	11,85,877 13 2
Stamps	7,713 1 0
Sundries	7,25,029 2 2
Cash, &c., at Head Office ..	1,11,77,613 3 0
Cash, &c., at Branches	1,89,16,034 6 6
Rs....	8,27,97,331 6 10

PRESIDENCY SMALL CAUSE COURT ACT.

THE *Englishman* sums up the advantages and disadvantages of the new enactment as follows :—

Advantages.—1.—Jurisdiction up to Rs. 2,000, with the facility of recovering a claim at lesser cost and within a shorter period of time than generally taken by the High Court. 2. Jurisdiction over persons who come down to Calcutta from the mofussil and incur debts here. 3. Attachment of property which was formerly considered immoveable, namely, tiled huts and machinery erected jointly with masonry work. 4. Attachment of property before decree. 5. Attachment of salary or money in the hand of third parties. 6. Fees to witnesses, such as merchants, trades' people, shopkeepers, engineers, railway officials and professional men in general, except clerks in Government offices and servants in menial employ. 7. Witnesses having to attend from day to day and until informed by the Court that their further attendance was not necessary. 8. Dishonest suitors not being allowed the opportunity of withdrawing their suits with a view of reinstituting them when a more favourable opportunity offered itself and so induce false witness in support of their claims. 9. No costs to pay in interpleader suits.

Disadvantages.—The cost of appeal in case of an incorrect or wrong decision. 2. Procedure being of so intricate and complicated a nature as to necessitate the employment of a pleader. 3. Seldom or ever getting the Court to give costs such as would cover what the suitor has to incur. 4. Difficulty of securing prosecutors or witnesses as required under the Act. 5. Suits for malicious prosecution not being cognizable by the Court. 6. The present number of Judges not being sufficient to decide cases with care and attention should the number of suits in course of time exceed the number usually instituted under the former Acts. 7. The inconvenience of all the partners in a business having to sign a plaint. 8. Difficulty of one of said partners to draw money without obtaining the consent in writing of the other partners, except when they were not in the country. 9. Having a decree for Rs. 2,300 and still not being able to seize a house which, not being a tiled one, is exempted, though its value may amount to only Rs. 500.

LAND LEGISLATION.

A VERY interesting problem, in what may be called administrative ethics, is engaging the attention of the higher revenue authorities at present, we believe. Ought a landholder, who lays out money on the improvement of his estate, to be left to enjoy the fruits of that improvement for ever, or ought the State to claim an enhancement of revenue eventually on account of the increased value of the land ? Now it is quite clear, of course, that the State would be deeply to blame if it claimed extra revenue at once. Say that a man digs a well in his field—for the revenue authorities to come down on him forthwith and charge a higher rate for water than it would otherwise have had to pay would be infamous. That is admitted in theory now, at all events, on all hands. But one school of theorists go further, and say it is bad policy to make any demand for revenue on account of improvements at any time, or under any circumstances whatever. The country benefits indirectly by land improvements : it is of the highest importance that landholders should be encouraged to improve. Let them have the benefit of their improvements in perpetuity. The other argument is—let them by all means have the benefit of the improvements until they have fully recovered the capital invested in such improvements, plus interest, but after that let the State share the benefit. The State, to begin with, is the landlord, not merely of the land as it stands, but of its potentialities of development. To dispossess itself of these rights would be to make a sacrifice not called for by the nature of the bargain between the State and the ordinary agricultural zemindar. The importance of this question is not limited by its speculative interest. Administrative forces are working up towards some large legislation on the subject, and it is desirable in the highest degree that the questions described above should be freely debated.—*Pioneer.*

THE INDO-CHINESE FRONTIER.

MR. C. H. LEPPER, who, our readers may remember, read a paper before the Asiatic Society on the Singpho and Kampti country, and who proposes to reside in the districts inhabited by these tribes, gain their confidence, and in this way open out an overland trade with Western China, is at present in London making efforts through the India Office Council and otherwise, in order to obtain the support of Government to his proposed plan. The papers connected with Mr. C. H. Lepper's proposals originate many of them with the Heads of the Government of India, and owing to a press of work they have not been sent to England. It is a matter of considerable importance that the India Office should be in a position to deal with the question as speedily as possible. Mr. Lepper is anxious to start this cold season, the loss of a year, and as he has at considerable personal expense studied the whole question on the spot, and as he has received the support of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce and has the sympathy of the commercial community in his favour, the Foreign Office would do the right thing by transmitting all the papers needful for the India Office to come to a decision on the matter at as early a period as possible. The railway is about to be pushed up a new area along the Indo-Chinese frontier. Makum, the terminus, is situated among Singpho villages within our frontier. The Singphos have possession of the neutral ground between Indian territory and China, and they must be conciliated to allow Chinese traders, many of whom are found on the neutral ground, to come through their territories. Officials of the Government have up a new area nothing of the Singphos. Their country, their customs, and their language is to the Indian Government an unknown quantity. There is not a single native or European official who can speak their language, and what is known of the customs of the people are rectified in view of the railway the better will it be for the interest of Indian commerce. Mr. Lepper proposes spending two years in learning their language and in making a thorough exploration among the distant Singphos who, unlike those nearer the frontier, are unknown to him. The Singphos are easily won to place confidence in a European who speaks their tongue and respects their prejudices and customs ; on the other hand, ignorance of their language renders them distrustful. Altogether Mr. Lepper's plan deserves the support of the Government, and the sooner the Indian Government places Mr. Lepper's proposals in a practical form before the Secretary of State for India the sooner is the plan likely to be realized. Mr. Lepper will, in all likelihood, read a paper on the Singpho and Kampti country at the forthcoming meeting of the British Association in the Geographical Section, which is to be presided over by Sir Richard Temple.—*Englishman.*

BENGAL.

APPOINTMENT.—Captain G. O. B. Carew, Deputy Director of the Indian Marine, has been appointed a Justice of the Peace for the town of Calcutta.

SHARK IN THE HOOGHLY.—On Tuesday last, early in the morning, a shark, about 13 feet in length, was captured in the Hooghly by a fisherman. The animal was killed soon after its capture, and was taken to the Indian Museum, where the fisherman received a reward.

CALCUTTA TRAMWAYS.—It is said that the Calcutta Tramway Company have come to the determination of dismissing the Inspectors who were appointed as a check over the conductors to prevent the latter from defrauding the Company by accepting one-half the fare from passengers in consideration of their not asking for tickets. When a charge of defrauding the Company was brought home against a conductor, his deposit of Rs. 15 was forfeited to the Company, and out of the Rs. 15, Rs. 5 were paid to the Inspector as a reward. A newly-appointed Inspector, like the proverbial new broom, was active enough at the first start, but gradually settled down, and discharged his duties in a perfunctory manner, till some day he is found to be acting in consort with the conductor. It is now resolved to have a larger number of detectives, and to entirely dispense with the Inspectors. The loss to the Company through the dishonesty of its servants is estimated to amount to Rs. 36,000 annually.

THE PETROLEUM OIL CASE.—The Commissioner of police, Calcutta, had a meeting on Monday with those interested in the petroleum trade, to consider the local rules proposed by the Government to regulate the trade in addition to the Imperial Act of 1881. The questions of sampling and testing was also gone into. The license fees which the Government propose to impose on all traders in oil were objected to by the majority of firms represented at the meeting. The object of the Government is to make those proposed fees cover the expenses incidental on the restrictions and provisions implied in the Imperial Act. The meeting propose as a suggestion to Government that the license fee should be nominal, and that an examination fee should be substituted, which would be payable by importers on every case examined so as to cover the expenses. It was believed that the license fee proposed by the Government would hamper trade rather than help it, as native dealers who are the chief buyers and retailers are averse to direct taxation of this sort. The Commissioner noted the suggestions of the meeting, and they will receive the consideration of the Government before final rules are determined on.—*Englishman.*

THE CALCUTTA RACE COURSE.—We hear that Babu Prosonno Coomar Bannerji, Rai Bahadoor, has kindly undertaken to lay out the enclosure round the new race stand. At present the grounds and paddock look very bare, but I am sure that the Babu's skill and well-known good taste will, in a very short time, effect a wonderful metamorphosis. No race course in India will be better—very few as good.—*Englishman.*

THE HOOGHLY PILOTS.—Numerous complaints have lately been made in reference to the want of pilots at the Sandheads, and from inquiries made it appears that from the 17th to the 19th instant 22 pilots were sent out to the pilot brig, and during that period 26 ships came in ; on one or two occasions there being no pilots available. It is also customary whenever there are no pilots outside for the first incoming ships, to telegraph the fact, and the want is at once supplied, if possible. On the 7th instant the Mildred arrived off Saugor, and finding no pilot available, and the brig not in sight put back to sea again. She returned a day or two, and still finding no pilot available, waited for five more days before she got one. Another vessel had to sail up to Diamond Harbour without a pilot. On the 15th it was supposed that there were thirteen pilots outside, and on the 16th a telegram was received by the port officer that there were only nine. This was inexplicable, and a senior naval officer has been sent down to make inquiries. It is supposed that the pilot brig drifted off to the westward and was unable to reach her usual station owing to the easterly winds. There is only one pilot brig now stationed outside. One new one was expected from England in January last, but from some unknown causes will not be at her station till October next. Steamers were at one time suggested to be used in place of these brigs, but Government negatived the proposal to use these vessels, on the ground that they would not so well afford young pilots the opportunity to learn practical and theoretical navigation as sailing brigs.

MADRAS.

DISASTROUS BOAT ACCIDENT AT TELLIC

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms an invoice of superior perfumery from Napoleon Price and Co., just received per s. s. Khedive, consisting of essence of white moss and damask rose and spina rosa, registered golden oil, marrow oil and frangipani, pomade, transparent and glycerine soap, &c.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, the valuable mess kit of the 19th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, comprising rich cut glassware, handsome green and gold bordered dinner service, very handsome blue gold and flower painted dessert service and coffee cups and saucers to match, best electro-plated hot water curry dishes, dish covers, hot water gravy and side dishes, cruet, liquor and egg frames, ice pitcher, toast rack, mustard pots, round and oval trays, knife rests, nutcrackers, fish knives, epergne, 4 and 7 branched candelabra, table, candlesticks, bread baskets, and decanter stands, silver table, dessert, tea, salt, mustard, narrow and gravy spoons, table, and dessert forks, soup and sauce ladles, butter and fish knives, fire stands, claret jugs, milk jug and wine labels, table and dessert knives and carvers, table and wall lamps, wall brackets, pictures, pagnain, time piece, a single poled tent with carpets, &c.
The property is on view.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—
10 bales grey shirtings.
10 cases bleached dhoties.
5 „ prints.
4 „ T red scarfs.
2 „ white handkerchieves.
1 „ Carre's Patent Ice machine complete (new), with 6 spare glasses.
10 cases 10 doz. old Trossacks Blend Highland Whisky, 2 stars.
About 28 dozens handsome transparent China coffee cups and saucers.
On account of whom it may concern.
4 bolts of best English canvas, S. W. damaged.
4 rolls 1½ do. strapping, damaged.
4 do. 2½ do. do. do.

SALE OF CHOICE AND RARE PLANTS, at No. 106, Doongersey-road, Malabar Hill.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 26th instant, at 6-30 a.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 106, Malabar Hill,
The choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, the property of C. W. Prescot, Esq.
Catalogues are ready and the plants are on view.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—
On account and at the risk of Abdool Karim Mahomedally—
M F—V B—ex 601-601—1 case coloured surface paper.
On account and at the risk of Abdool Kadur Abdoolhusan—
N H—3168—1 case hard carriage varnish.
On account and at the risk of Surrufallee Mamoojee—
H S—ex 301-10—3 cases saline glass.
On account and at the risk of Esoofallee Abdoolalee Moola Esoobhhoy—
1680—3711-14—4 cases oval amber beads.
On account and at the risk of Bhoychund Rajaram—
M V B—ex 31-100—10 cases P. H. Muntz & Co.'s yellow-metal bradlets, ex s.s. Lady Dalhousie.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 29th inst. sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at No. 30, Bellasis Junction Road, Byculla, the valuable and handsome Frenchpolished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated-ware, crockery and glassware, pictures, table ornaments, flower vases, &c., the property of G.O. Bingheim, Esq.
Full particulars will appear hereafter.
CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 24th July, 1882.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

SALE of handsome Japanese tea sets, plates, bird cages, fancy articles, De Larue and Co.'s stationery, ammunitions, kid boots, hats, meerschaum pipes, fishing tackle, Chubb's locks, pencil black lead, morocco cigar cases, treasury safe, albums, sextant, level, barometer, garden hose, lamps, kerosine wicks, tortoise-shell combs, velvet, sofa carpets, rich cut glassware, best plated ware, Mappin's cutlery, &c., &c.
On THURSDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by public auction, by order of Messrs. Barton and Co., &c., all the above surplus stock in trade on account of removal.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT WALKESHWUR.
Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd August, 1882, at 4 p.m., on the premises, by order of L. A. Watkins, Esq., the receiver appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, of the estate and effects of the late Thucker Ranchordas Megbjee, deceased, and on account and at the risk of the first purchaser, Thucker Soonderjee Jadowjee.

LOT No. 6

All that piece or parcel of Government ground, with dwelling house or dharmasbala, situate at Walkeshwar, in the sub-district of Bhoolesh war, and containing 160 square yards, and is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 39, and bounded on the east by public road, on the west partly by the property of Mangalur Rawa, and partly by the vacant ground of Juggonath, on the north by the vacant ground of Pandooruug Sonar, and on the south by the public road.
For further particulars apply to Messrs. TYERJEE and DAYABHOY, solicitors to the receiver, or to the undersigned
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 24th July, 1882.

BEER, &c.

Brauneberger (still)	Rs. 27	0	
Josephshoefer (do.)	„ 32	0	
Sparkling Moselle	„ 32	0	

STILL HOCKS,
From G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

Deidesheimer	Rs. 17	0	Rs. 20 0
Geisenheimer	„ 18	0	„ ..
Liebfraumilch	„ 22	0	„ 25 0
Hochheimer	„ 26	0	„ 29 0
Rudesheimer	„ ..		„ 29 0
Queen Victoria Berg	„ 36	0	„ ..

FRENCH WHITE WINES.
From A. DUPILLE MACAU MEDOC.

Latour blanche	Rs. 30	0	
Monforte, Italian wine	„ 26	0	

CLARETS.
From H. & C. BALAHESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 14	0	
Les Canons	„ 17	0	Rs. 19
Chateau Leoville	„ 20	0	„ ..
Chateau Lafitte	„ 24	0	„ ..

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU, MEDOC.

Listrac Medoc	Rs. 13	0	
Cru de Barreyre	„ 16	0	
Chateau La Begoroe	„ 22	0	
Leoville St. Julien	„ 26	0	

BRANDY.

G. Renard & Co.'s Cognac	Rs. 22	0	
Fromy & Rogeo's do.	„ 24	0	
Ad. Mesnard & Co.'s * * stars Cogc.	„ 26	0	
F. Dessandier & Co.'s * star	„ 22	0	
F. Dessandier & Co.'s * * stars	„ 29	0	
Fromy & Rogeo's * * * stars	„ 32	0	
Do. do. Brandy, Superior (very old)	„ 34	0	
Chas. Lervoire finest Cognac * * * stars (very old)	„ 34	0	

BEER.

			Per 1 doz. pints.
ST. PAULI BEER	Rs. 5	8	Rs. 4 0
FLOWER & SONS PALE ALE	„ 5	0	„ 3 0
IND COOPE & Co.'s BITTER BEER	„ 5	0	„ ..

SUNDRIES.

			Per 2 doz. pints.
Italian Vermouth	Rs. 18	0	„ ..
Swiss Bitter from Alpine Plants	„ 24	0	Rs. 27 0
Absinthe (a delicious after-dinner liqueur)	„ 30	0	„ ..
Do. do. (finest)	„ 25	0	„ ..
Salicyl Acid Liqueur (per doz. pts.)	„ 50	0	„ ..
Real Italian Olive Oil, large bottles	„ 15	0	„ ..
Best Swiss Alpine Condensed Milk (per doz. tins.)	„ 14	0	„ ..
	„ 5	0	to 6 0

Outstation Orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Cash payments carry a discount of 5 per cent.
VOLKART BROTHERS,
Bombay, 22nd May, 1882. Rampart Row.

P. GRANT & SON,
SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS,
31, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

ATKINSON'S PERFUMERY.

ESS. BOUQUET, JOCKEY CLUB-ROSE TOILET POWDER, QUININE HAIR LOTION, WHITE ROSE TOILET VINEGAR. TRANSPARENT SOAP.
Sold everywhere.
GOLD MEDAL—PARIS, 1878.
Observe Trade Mark.
J. & E. ATKINSON,
4, Old Bond Street, London.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors
Sole Proprietors,
THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY,
LINCOLN, ENGLAND,
EXPORT AGENTS.
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES and Co., Coleman Street, London;
NEWBERRY and SONS, 37, Newgate Street, London;
BARCLAY and SONS, 95, Farringdon Street, London;
SANGER and SONS, Oxford Street, London;
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY,
STANISTREET and Co.; BATHGATE and Co.' Calcutta.
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
CHER and Co.; BOLTON and Co.
FOR THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY,
Co.; DE BEAUX and Co.; SCOTT,
ASCURINE and Co.
ENT FOR RANGOON,
GOON MEDICAL HALL.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBER and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—32, THREADNEEDLE STREET E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
CHARLES LOWELL, Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL .....Dollars 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND .....Dollars 2,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed: Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz.:—
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal.
Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
6 do. do. do. 4 do. do.
For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application.
All letters to be addressed and remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.
J. M. GRIGOR, Acting Agent.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED).
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£170,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected: and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 42, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.
Sold by all Stationers.
GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE
PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.
IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.
AS an application for
BRUISES, BURNS,
NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA,
DYSENTERY,
CHOLERA,
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.
GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY—
REALLY HIPTOOLA,
near Jumma Muajid.

THOMAS W... of the Pharmaceutical Society), 270, ... s, London.
Sold in small, medium and large bottles.
CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address, also Trade Mark (W. in a diamond) at the bottom of the bottle

WILKINSON'S
BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.
AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co.; KEMP & Co.; ROGERS & Co.; BOLTON & Co., Bombay; and all respectable Firms in India.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well-known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM garrisoned by two regiments and one Battery of the Hydrabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secundrabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Station an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Stations, at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Rs. 2 per month. For every additional square foot annas 8.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Rs. 2. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve Stations or more twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the curious stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager, *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

NOTICES.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.
CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical hemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J.T. Davenport, Esq., 33, Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury London, Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself, not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question wheather a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy, and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, Sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.
Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.
CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and Imitations.
Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Great Russel-Street, Bloomsbury, London.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."
CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE,
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER, HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
Cures Old Sores
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face
Cures Scurvy Sores
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all impure matter From whatever cause arising.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL PARTS.
CURE OF RHEUMATISM AND SCORBUTIC ERUPTION.
The Elms, North Cheam Surrey, S., 4th March 1875.
"SIR,—I had been suffering from rheumatism for several years, together with scorbutic eruption of the skin, of a local nature, about the size of the palm of the hand, and was induced to try your Blood Mixture in consequence of two gentlemen in my neighbourhood having been cured of obstinate sore on the body. After taking two bottles I became much better, and continued it up to the tenth bottle, when I found the rheumatism had left me, and my arm was healed. I consider it a most valuable medicine.
"You are at liberty to use this letter in any way you think proper, for the benefit of others.
"Faithfully yours
"THOMAS WATTS."
Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d. each, and in Cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, by ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.
Sole Proprietors,
THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY,
LINCOLN, ENGLAND.
TRADE MARK "BLOOD MIXTURE."

DR. DE ROOS'
CONCENTRATED GUTTÆ VITÆ, OR VEGETABLE LIFE DROPS.
THE alchemists of old spent years in endeavouring to find out the means of transmuting the baser metals into gold, but in vain. It was, however, reserved for a physician of the 19th Century to make a far more valuable discovery in occult science—the result of deep research into the 'arcana of Nature's mysteries—which is here offered to the world; and the pleasing results of a quarter of a century, during which time this wonderful medicine has been tried in every quarter of the globe, all corroborate the most sanguine of the Inventor's hopes. Thousands of voluntary testimonials from grateful patients, testify to the fact that from this remarkable tonic alone, your life has been imparted to numbers of debilitated individuals; and it is not too much to say that hundreds of persons are at the present day in full enjoyment of their mental and bodily powers—in thorough good health—who previously were confirmed hypochondriacs, had been given up by the faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to nemselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends.
This great life-reviving medicine gives vitality and strength to the most shattered constitutions. It not only strengthens the system but purifies the blood, and promotes a healthy circulation of the fluids, thus imparting strength and tone to the nerves, enlivening and invigorating both body and mind. It greatly improves the appetite, and restores the digestive powers, whilst for dyspeptic persons it is unrivalled. Those who (from long residence in the climates) suffer from langour and relaxation, as also all persons going to the East or West Indies should provide themselves with this important article of health.
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